SEMI-WEEKLY NORTH-CAROLINA STANDARD.

SEMI-WEEKLY, $4 PER ANNUM. PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MORNINGS. WEEKLY, $2 PER ANNUM.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1852. NO. 94.

THE NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY BY
WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY. Two dollars per annum in advance, or within the first month, Two dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY. Four dollars per annum, in advance, or within the first month; Four dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

☞ The above rules will be inflexibly adhered to.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding fourteen lines will be inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion; those of greater length in proportion. Court orders and Judicidial Advertisements will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above rates. A reasonable reduction will be made to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Standard, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge.

Subscribers, and others, who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by Mail and at his risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

GOODS FOR THE SEASON.

EVANS & COOKE,

One Door Above R. Smith's Corner,
No. 29, Fayetteville Street,

ARE now receiving their Fall purchase, consisting of every article usually kept in Dry Goods establishments, and flatter themselves that they can offer *as great if not greater inducements* than they have been able to do heretofore; to be convinced of this fact call before buying elsewhere. We subscribe ourselves, as ever, the friends of a generous community.

September 17, 1852. 88—

Ladies Dress Goods.

PLAIN and Figured Black Gro De Rhine Silks, Rich Brocade colored do., from $1 to $4 per yard, French Sattin Dechene, Embroided Swiss Robes, Albonjaze Robes, high colored DeLanes for Children, French Cashmeres, Plain and Figured, new styles, English and French Merinoes.

Just received at EVANS & COOKE'S.
September 17, 1852. 88—

BONNET, Tafeta and Sash Ribbons, of a superior qualtty, having from one yard to any number in a peice, a little nicer than any thing out. Also, French Worked Collars, Cuffs, Undersleeves, Chemizetts, best French Kid Gloves, Raw Silk and fleecy lined do, Swiss and Jaconet Muslin, Edgings and Insertings. Im. Straw Emb'd. Veils, Visites, Black Silk Lace, Gimp Lace and Braid Trimings, Black and Colored Velvet do.

Just received at EVANS & COOKE'S.
September 17, 1852. 88—

150 PIECES Prints, every variety, style, quality, and price; good assortment of Shawls, varieties, quality and price.

Just received at EVANS & COOKE'S.
September 17, 1852. 88—

For Gentlemen.

BLACK and Blue Cloths, Black Doeskin Cassimeres, Colored do., Clouded, Plain and Plaid Satinets, Tweedes, Kentucky Jeans from 20 cents to any price wanted. EVANS & COOKE.
Sept. 17. 88—

Hats! Hats!! Hats!!!

12 CASES Bebee's, and others of the latest and most approved styles. Bought of the Manufactorers themselves, and no mistake. These wishing the latest agony, call upon us.

31 doz. Soft Beaver Fur and Wool Black and Colored Hats. 30 doz. Caps, Navy, for Gentlemen and Boys, Silk and Plush, variety of colors and styles. In fact every sort of Cap and Hat that can be called for, at the well known establishment of

EVANS & COOKE'S.
Sept. 17. 88—

Boots and Shoes.

J. MILES & SONS' Improved Stitched Boots, Double Sole and Waterproof do, a splendid article of Double Sole Brogans for the practical Farmers of Wake and surrounding country, including the Railroad.
EVANS & COOKE.
Sept. 17. 88—

LINSEYS, heavy Georgia plaids, and Kersey's Marlboro' Stripes and Plaids, Brown and Blue Cottons, Flannels, Wool Canton do. All Wool Carpeting.
EVANS & COOKE.
Sept. 17. 88—

BAGGING, Rope and Twine, Dundee and Gunney, very heavy, and will be sold low by
EVANS & COOKE.
Sept. 17. 88—

Bonnets,

LEGHONtyR Plain and Figured, Straw do, Silk do., beautiful styles. EVANS & COOKE.
Sept. 17. 88—

Ready-Made Clothing.

BLACK Cloth Sack and Frock Coats, Clouded Cassimere do., Blue and Drab felt Over Coats, Drab Petershams, Clouded pilots and Fancy Cassimere Pants,, Black Satin and Figured Silk Vests, &c., &c

Opposite the farfamed and world-renowned establishment of E. L. Harding & Co,

EVANS & COOKE.
No. 29, Cheap Side.
Raleigh, September 17th, 1852. 88—

RALEIGH BOOK-BINDERY,

JNO. H. DeCARTERET & SON, Prop.

J. H. DeC. & SON return their grateful acknowledgements to the public for the liberal patronage which has been extended to them, and respectfully announce that they still continue the business of Book-Binding in all its forms in the City of Raleigh, where it is conducted as heretofore,

OVER THE "NORTH CAROLINA BOOK-STORE."
(*Next Door to the Telegraph Office.*)

The Junior partner having acquired a thorough knowledge of every branch of the business in New York, and having recently visited that City for the purpose of selecting a choice assortment of the newest and best materials, we are now prepared to execute Binding, &c. of every description, in any form, from plain to ornamental.

Blank Books of every description ruled and bound; Newspapers, Music and Periodicals bound to match.

All orders promptly attended to.

☞ A smart, active Boy wanted.
Raleigh, September 1852. 88—4w.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between the Subscribers was dissolved the 1st day of August, 5182, by mutual consent.

GEORGE FISHER,
JEFF. FISHER.

The subscriber having purchased the entire stock, interest, accounts, &c, of Jeff. Fisher in the late firm of G. & J. Fisher, is now prepared to settle with those who may be indebted to said firm.

The subscriber takes this occasion to say that he will continue his business in all its branches, at his present stand on Fayetteville Street, opposite Williams, Haywood, & Co. He will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of articles in his line. He respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage heretofore enjoyed by the establishment, and returns to his patrons and friends his sincere thanks for the encouragement he has received in his business. GEORGE FISHER.
Raleigh, Aug. 15, 1852. 79—8t.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THE Subscribers are now receiving from the Northern Cities their FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF GOODS. Their stock is large and varied, and has been purchased by one of the Firm in person, on such terms as will enable them to give their customers and the public generally the most advantageous bargains. All they ask is, an examination of their stock, feeling sure that their prices will commend themselves as fair and just both to the buyer and seller.

The subscribers tender to their customers their most hearty thanks for the large and liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon them; and they can only promise that for the future, as in the past, they will devote all their energies to serve and accommodate their customers and friends.

Their stock, in part, is as follows:
Rich silk Cravelli Robe, Fine heavy brocade Silks,
French gro DeA Fuke, Plain white and watered do.
Black gro DeRhine do, Bl'k Fig and watered do.
Solid Col'd. gro De Nap Do. Silver grey Silks,
Thibet Printed high col'd De'Laine,
Ombe Printed and high col'd Muslins,
Bayadere Printed, Satin Cashmeres,
Paris Printed Rob DeLains, (New Style,)
Muslin DeBege, Bayadere graduated Robe DeLains,
English and American Printed DeLains, New styl
Small fig'd and high col'd DeLains, for Children,
Glace Poplins, Victoria Tartan and Lima Cloths,
Paris gala Plaids, Bl'k and Col'd Velvets,
Cloaks and Mantillas, New Styles,
French and English Merinos, Brocade Alpacas,
Coburg and Thibet Cloths, Swiss and Cambric Trim.
Valencnes, Edgings, and Insertings,
Cambric Flouncings and Muslin Bands,
Infants Emb'd French Caps, Bodies and Robes,
Flounced Madona Skirts,
French Emb'd Collars, Chemizettes, and Sleeves,
White and Black Lace Veils,
Revere Hm'd. Festooned & Emb Linen Cam Han'f.
Jaconet Muslins and Cambrics,
Dotted and Plain Swiss Muslins,
White and Colored Tarltons,
Striped and Plaid Swiss Muslins,
Striped and Cross Barred Muslins,
French Lace, Gimp and Galoon Trimmings, &c. &c.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Gloves! Gloves! Gloves!

65 DOZEN pairs Gents and Ladies Paris Kid Gloves, Gents and Ladies Alexander's col'd Silk Gloves, black Lace and Twisted Silk Mitts, Ladies Raw Silk, Cashmere, Braganza and Beaver Gloves, Gents Beaver, Cloth, Berlin, Cashmere, Norway, Military, Buck and Merino Gloves, Gents and Ladies gauntlets, Boys, Misses and Childrens Gloves, &c., &c.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Prints! Prints! Prints!

FRENCH, English, and American, several new designs, including erimack, Spragues Cocheco, Hoyles, Madder, Chintz and Omber Watered, Ruby Green and Orange, last colours for Patch Work, Oil Chintz and Turkey Red fig'd and plain, &c., &c.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
September 7, 1852. 85—
Register and Star copy.

Ribbons! Ribbons!

JUST opened, rich Bonnet, Neck, Sash, Cap, Satin, and Taffetta Ribbons.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE Subscriber is now opening his FALL AND WINTER GOODS at his old stand, consisting in part of
White Welsh and English Flannels,
Twilled and Plain Red do.
Plaid and Plain Linseys, and Marlboro' Stripes,
Red Blankets, from good to superior fine,
8-4 Damask Table Diaper,
Hukaback, Russia, Bird-eyed, and Brown Diaper,
Diaper Twills, by the dozen, Linen Crush,
Irish Linen, Linen, Cambric and Long Lawn,
Bleached and Brown Shirting and Jeans,
12-4 Bleached Shirting, 5-4 Brown Shirting,
Extra Ettrick Osnaburg, very heavy 7-8 wide,
Bed Ticking and Apron Checks,
100 doz. Spool Cotton, White, Bl'k and Col'd.
Black and Assorted Sewing Silks, Stay Bindings,
Tidy and Darning Cotton, bl'k Darning Cotton,
White and bl'k Cotton Hose, Brown and Bleached Hose,
Bl'k and White Silk Hose, bl'k Raw Silk Hose,
Jaconette, Cambric, Plaid, Swiss and Mull Muslins.
Carpeting and Hearth Rugs, Carpet Binding and Drugget. For sale by J. BROWN.
Raleigh, Sept 21, 1852. 89—

For Farmers and others.

150 PAIR Men's and Boys Heavy Brogans.
Men's and Boy's Kip and Calfskin Shoetees.
Mens' Leather Shoes and Bootees.
Do Goat Bootees and Children's Shoes.
Gunny and Anchor Bagging,
40 Coils Bale Rope, Twine and Shoethread.
Painted and Brass Bound Buckets, Brooms and Brushes.
No. 8, 9, and 10 Cotton Cards, No. 6 Wool Cards.
300 lbs. Cut Nails and Finishing Brads.
Cast, German and Blister Steel.
Collins' and other Axes, Broad Axes and Hatchets.
Ames' Spades, No. 2 and 3, Longhandled Spades.
Kirsey's and Georgia Plains.
100 Twilled and Duffle Blankets, Wool Hats,
J. BROWN,
No 9, Fayetteville Street.
Raleigh, September 21st, 1852. 89—

Family Groceries.

WHITE and Brown Clarified Sugar.
Loaf and Brown Sugar.
Old Java, Laguira, and Rio Coffee,
Pepper, Allspice, Ginger, Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves.
Copperas, Spanish Indigo, Powder, Lead and Shot.
J. BROWN,
No. 9, Fayetteville Street.
Raleigh, September 21st, 1852. 89—

CHINA, Glass and Earthen Ware, a general assortment, Cut and Plain Glass, White Granite and edged-ware. For sale by J. BROWN.

ROBINSON & Co's., Shoes and Slippers, 250 pairs Mo. and Kid Walking Shoes and Slippers, Ladies, Misses, and Children's Goat Bootees, White Kid Slippers. For sale by J. BROWN.

NEW FALL GOODS, 1852.

FRENCH worked Collars, Jaconett and Swiss Edgings and Insertings, Bobbin, Lisle and Thread Edgings and Insertings, ladies and men's Linen Cambrib Handkerchiefs, Long Lawn, Berlin Cord for Bonnets, Bonnet, Neck and Cape Ribbon, Kid and Silk Gloves; also, plaid and printed Muslin DeLaines, plain French Marinos, a variety of colors, plain English Marinos, a varity of colors, superfine French Cashmeres.
For sale by J. BROWN.
No. 9 Fayetteville street.
Raleigh, September 7th, 1852. 85—

North Carolina Manufactures.

BATTLE & SON, Are still manufacturing, at the ROCKY MOUNT MILLS, N. C. about 300,000 lbs. *Cotton Yarns*, per annum (equal to the best Georgia Yarns,) which they will deliver to Merchants *free of charge*, at New York prices.

Orders addressed to Battle, & Son, Rocky Mount, N. C., will receive prompt attention.
February, 1852. 29—1y.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

MR. DEPKIN would respectfully announce to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country, that he still continues to carry on the above business, in all its branches, at Mr. Woltering's Hardware Store.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, I assure the public that I will give universal satisfaction to those who entrust me with their work.
HENRY A. DEPKIN.
Raleigh, Jan. 9, 1852. 10—

50 BARRELS COTTON-SEED OIL, the cheapest and best Oil for outside House Painting, for sale by the barrel, apply to WM. J. CLARKE.
Raleigh, March 16, 1852, 37—

IRA BECKWITH,

WOULD tender his sincere thanks to his numerous friends and customers, in Raleigh and its vicinity, for the liberal support he has received, and hopes by renewed efforts to merit a continuance of their favors. He has just returned from the North, where having in view the wants of his customers at home, he endeavored to select such articles as would give entire satisfaction, both as to price and quality. His stock consists in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, Cutlery, and Fancy articles, comprising in part the following:

Groceries.

Bacon, Lard, Meal, Flour, Cheese, Candles, Sole and Upper Leather, Soap, Salt, fine Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Soda, Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Ink, Blacking, Powder and Shot, Lead, Cotton Bagging, Rope, Twine, &c., &c.

Hardware and Cutlery.

Axes, Weeding Hoes, Nails, Files, Butts, Screws, Padlocks, platt Locks, Coffee Mills, Tacks, Percussion Caps, Scissors, Iron and Britiana Spoons, Pocket Knives, Knives and Forks, Thimbles, Pins, Needles, Hooks and Eyes, Candle Sticks, Vest Buckles, &c.
Glass and Crockery of all kinds.

Dry Goods and Fancy Articles.

Blankets, bleached and unbleached Shirtings, Va. Osnaburgs, Bed Ticking, brown Jeans, Kerseys, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Fancy Vestings, Cambrics, Linens, Cravats, Pocket H'k'fs, Comforts, Flanels, Merrimack prints, Fancy prints, Letter paper, Envellopes, Steel Pens, Pen Holders, Agate Buttons, Coat Buttons, fancy Vest Buttons, Coats' Spool Cotton, Sewing Silk, Flaxthread, Cable Cord, Corset Laces, Hairpins, Snuff Boxes, Coarse and fine Tooth Combs, Pocket Combs, Ladies riding Side and Tuck Combs, Paste Board, Gentlemen's Chamois lined Gloves, Wool Gloves, one gross stout cotton Half Hose, also Ladies fine and coarse cotton Hose, Looking Glasses, Blacking Brushes, Cotton Cards, Shaving Boxes, Fancy Soaps, Perfumeries, &c., &c.

Together with a great variety of other articles entirely too tedious to enumerate, all of which will be disposed of on the most liberal terms for cash

Fayetteville street, a few doors north of the Yarbrough House, and opposite Lawrence's Hotel.
Raleigh, Sept. 7, 1852. 86—1y.

Quinton Utley's Tooth-Ache Drops.

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTHACHE.
One of the Greatest Discoveries of the 19th Century!

FROM the numerous applications I have had for the above preparation, for the last few months, the uniform success which has attended its use, its salutary effects, its power to give immediate relief in the severest cases of Toothache, I have been induced to offer it to those who may be afflicted; with the utmost confiden in its virtue, and the full belief that it will subdue and give entire relief to the severest toothache without the slightest injury to the tooth. I have got (and can get,) numerous testimonials of its efficacy—some from distinguished gentlemen, and all from as reliable persons as are in the State, a publication of which I deem unnecessary at this time, as one of these Drops when tried in an aching tooth will be worth more to the manufacturer and the patient, than all the certificates from great men that could be procured.

The preparation is known only to myself. Every phial is carefully put up by my own hands in the City of Raleigh and labelled with directions for use, and may be found at IRA BECKWITH'S Store, on Fayetteville St. a few doors North of the Yarbrough House, and opposite Lawrence's Hotel, where it will be constantly kept for sale either by the wholesale or retail. Also for sale by the retail at Jone's Drug Store, Sycamore street, Petersburg, Va., and at Andrew Bett's Store, Wake County, N. C. Retail price 50 cts. per Bottle—liberal deduction made when taken by the quantity.

To all who may have the toothache—try it, and then it will need no puffing.

All orders from a distance promptly attended to by Mr. Beckwith or myself.
QUINTON UTLEY.
Raleigh, September 7, 1852. 86—1y.

TO MERCHANTS—IMPORTANT AND TRUE. The fact, that merchants can supply their wants in their home markets, and thus save the trouble and expense of a northern trip, being fully established, the subscribers, in anticipation of a large demand for their popular Ready Made Clothing, have manufactured an unusually large stock, which, they may safely say, has never been surpassed, if it has been equalled, in the southern market.

Encouraged by the very liberal patronage hitherto received, and with largely increased facilities, we are determined to keep pace with the onward spirit of the age, and to use every honorable effort to deserve our share of the "*public distribution.*" Merchants visiting Petersburg, whether dealing in Clothing or not, are invited to visit our WHOLESALE ROOMS, now stocked with every variety of Clothing, *of our own manufacture*, the most modern styles, and at *New York prices.*

A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
WHOLESALE CLOTHING BAZAAR,
Sycamore, three doors from Bank street,
Petersburg, Va.
September 1, 1852. 84—tf.

RICH FANCY DRY GOODS,
FOR THE FALL OF 1852.
Just in time for the Legislature.

THE subscriber having removed to the Corner Store House, formerly occupied by Mr. B. B. Smith, which has been recently fitted up in most elegant style, and having just returned from New York, is now opening quite a magnificent supply of *Rich Fancy Dry Goods*, of the latest importations and fashions from *Paris* and *London*, which are exceedingly attracting, and to which he would respectfully invite the attention of tasty purchasers, both among the ladies and gentlemen, from the City and surrounding country.

Also, a full supply of *Hats, Caps, Shoes, Boots*, and *Bonnets* of every description.

Together with a full lot of *Ready Made Clothing*; common and fine, remarkably cheap.
T. A. MITCHELL.
Raleigh, October 1st, 1852. 92—

HENRY KIEM'S

North of Yarbrough's and opposite Lawrence's Hotel
RALEIGH, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale at the lowest cash prices, the following articles, to-wit:
3 Barrels of Mackerel,
2 do. New Lard,
4 do. Irish Potatoes,
6 do. Assorted Crackers,
2 do. Pulverized Sugar,
3 do. Clarified do.
2 do. Crushed do.
800 lbs. Goshen Butter,
800 " Cheese,
Rio, Laguira, and Java Coffee,
Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles,
5000 Black Principe Cegars, Regalia, Havana, &c. &c. &c. &c.
January 2, 1852. 18—tf.

FR. MAHLER'S CHEAP STORE.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to his customers and Town friends, that he has removed from the Depot to "Locust-shade," opposite the Capitol. Thankful for past favors, he flatters himself that the public will encourage him at his new stand with the same confidence as shown him heretofore; wherefrom he pledges himself that the prices and qualities of his goods shall prove satisfactory to all that will honor him with a call.

He keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of FAMILY GROCERIES, as well as CONFECTIONARIES, CIGARS, FRUITS, NUTS, and a choice selection of FANCY ARTICLES and CROCKERY WARE.
FR. MAHLER.
Raleigh, June 8th, 1852. 62—

Board for Members.

WILLIAM T. BAIN, near the Capitol, would respectfully inform the members of the Legislature, that he will be prepared to accommodate some 12 or 15 of their body with board during the session.

He will endeavor to please and render comfortable all who may patronize him. His charges will be as moderate as the times will admit.
Raleigh, Sept. 1, 1852. 41—tf

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

ALEXANDER CREECH has received the largest portion of his

Stock of Fancy and Staple dry GOODS,

to which he invites the attention of all who wish to buy handsome and cheap Goods. His stock consists in part of the following:
French Muslins de Laine and Merinoes,
American de Laine and Thibet Cloths,
Alboni Plaids, new style, and Prussian Cashmeres,
Alpacas, a large assortment,
English and American Prints, great variety,
Ginghams, Flannels, and Irish Linens,
Jackonette, Swiss, Checked and Talton Muslins,
French Emb'd. and Woolen Shawls,
A good assortment of Gloves and Hosiery,
Work'd Collars, Edgings and Insertions,
Lyle and Thread Edgings,
Linencambric Handk's, Diapers, Bonnet-Ribbons, &c., &c.
Bl'k French Cloths and Cassimeres,
Satin, Silk and Cashmere Vestings,
Silk Hand'k. and Italian Cravats,
Tweeds, Sattennettes and Ohio Jeans,
Kerseys, Linseys and Blankets,
Bleach'd and Brown Domestics,
Heavy Ingrain Carpeting and Medium,
Also an assortment of Ready-Made Clothing.

Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Boots & Shoes,

And many other articles not named; all of which he is determined to sell at his usual low prices, and earnestly requests all those in want of new and cheap Goods to give him a call at his stand, three doors above Mr. R. Smith's, where he will be found ready and willing to serve his customers. He returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country for past patronage, and hopes to merit the continuance of the same.
Raleigh, Sept. 17, 1852. 89—

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS.

SELBY & MURRAY,

One Door Above, P. F. Pescud's Drug Store,
No 12, Fayetteville Street.

ARE now receiving and opening their Fall and Winter Stock of choice Goods, which is large and well selected, bought entirely for Cash, and will be sold at prices which will not fail to suit the purchaser. The Stock consists in part of the following:
Super Black Gro de Rhine Silks, Col'd do.,
French Printed DeLaines and Cashmeres,
French and German Merinoes, Black Bombazine,
do Alapaccas, French Worked Collars,
Gents and Ladies Kid Gloves,
Bonnets and Tafeta Ribbons,
Silk Leghorn and other kinds of Bonnets,
150 Pieces English and American Prints,
Jaconet, Swiss, Mull and Cross Barred Muslins,
Silk and Cotton Hosiery,
A great variety of Shawls,
Cloth and Cassimeres and Vestings.
And a general assortment of Goods for Men's wear.
September, 1852. 91—

Blankets, Kerseys, &c.

10-4, 11-4, and 12-4 Bath Blankets, Maccannan White and Green, Duffil and Twilled Blankets for Servants, Plaid, Saddle do. A large and well assorted and cheap Stock of Wool and Cotton Kerseys from the lowest to the highest price.

Kentucky Jeans, cheap, Satinetts and Tweeds, something nice for Boys. Wool and Cotton Carpeting, very low, can be had of SELBY & MURRAY.
September, 1852. 91—

Hats and Caps.

JUST received, Bebee's Super Fall Style Moleskin Hats. Broad and Narrow Brim Beaver do. A large stock of Mexican and other late style Hats, Wool Hats, very low price. A great variety of Cloth and other kind of Caps for Men and Boys. SELBY & MURRAY.
September, 1852. 91—

Boots and Shoes.

CORK Sole Boots, with Double Uppers at the low price of $4,50. Double Sole Nailed Bottom Boots for Waggoners and Rail Road Hands. A large Stock of Double and Single Sole Brogans will be sold cheap. Ladies Shoes and Bootees, Manufactured by Robinson & Co.

Call and examine our Stock before buying elsewhere.
SELBY & MURRAY.
September, 1852. 91—

Groceries, &c.

BROWN, Clarified, Crushed and Loaf Sugar; Java, Laguira, Maracaibo and Rio Coffee, Super Imperial and Gunpowder Tea, Sperm, Admantine and Hull's & Son's Tallow Cancles. Hardware, Crockery, Blacksmith's Tools. Cotton Bagging Gunny and Dundee, and Rope, Swede and English Iron, Cast Steel, Blister and German do. Blasting Powder, Horse Shoes and Horse Shoe Nails, &c., are always kept by
SELBY & MURRAY.
September, 1852. 91—

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THE subscriber is now prepared to show to customers his Fall and Winter Stock of Goods, which he has just received from the Northern cities. His Stock is full, embracing almost every variety of goods kept in a Dry Goods Store. The following as part of his Stock may be found at his Store, No. 21, Fayetteville Street:
Black and Fancy Silks,
French Merinoes and DeLanes,
English and American Printed DeLanes,
All wool Pink and Blue Flannels,
Plain, Black, Chamelon and Figured Alpacas.
Calicoes from 5 to 20 cents,
Blankets and Kerseys,
Kentucky Jeans, all qualities,
Tweeds, Satinets and Cassimeres,
Vestings, good and common,
Red and White Flannels,
Bonnets and Bonnet Ribbons,
Hosiery, Gloves, Laces, &c., &c.
Also, good lot of Sugar and Coffee, Boots and Shoes, good assortment China, Glass and Earthen Ware.

We only ask a call from those wishing to purchase goods, as at all times we shall be pleased to show them. Call and see for yourselves—we are determined to sell *low.* SAMUEL H. YOUNG.
Raleigh, October 1st 1852. 92—8m.

China, Glass, and Earthern Ware.

WE are now receiving, direct from the French and English manufacturers,
17 packages French China Dinner and Tea Setts, and Fancy Ware,
12 packages Edge and C. C. Ware,
15 " Sprig'd and handled Teas, common,
10 " White Granite Dinner and Tea Ware
6 " " " and common Toilet "
8 " Colored Ware, assorted,
6 " Cane and Rockingham Ware, assorted,
60 " American Glass Ware, assorted,
10 " Stone Ware, assorted,
20 dozen Dimijohns, from ½ to 5 gallons.

☞ Country Merchants would find it to their advantage to purchase their stocks of us, as we save them a considerable per centage in freights, commissions, &c.

*** Dinner and Tea Setts of new and handsome patterns to families at low prices.

McRAE & HARRISS.
Front street below Market street.
Wilmington, N. C., August 25,

MRS. WOLTERING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Ladies of Raleigh and surrounding country that she is now receiving her FALL and WINTER STOCK of FANCY GOODS, embracing China goods, fine iron-stone dinner-setts, tea-setts, and cups and saucers as fine as ever brought to this City.

Also, GROCERIES of every description. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c., which will be sold low for cash.

Just Received, a fresh supply of CONFECTIONARIES.

Thankful for past favors, she solicits a continuance the same. WILHELMINA WOLTERING.
Raleigh, Sept. 12th, 1851. 90—y.

ISAAC PROCTER,

(Successor to Oliver and Procter.)
MERCHANT TAILOR,

HAS Just returned from the Northern Cities, and is now receiving
A New and Beautiful Assortment
of Goods in his line, embracing
Black, Blue, Brown, Green, Olive, Adelaide and Dablia

CLOTHS,

of best French and English manufacture, and of various grades of prices.

Best SIMONI DOESKINS, Warranted.
French, English, Scotch and American
FANCY CASSIMERES,
of every variety of style and price.

VESTINGS,

of super Silk Velvet, Plush, Figured and Plain Satins and Silks, Grenadine, Morino and Cashmere, *a splendid article.*

Wedding and Party Vestings, Can't be Beat.

☞ With sincere thanks to his numerous friends and patrons for past manifestations of friendship and regard, he assures them no effort or pains shall be spared to merit its continuance.

Satisfaction always Guarantied.

His stock of
FURNISHING GOODS
is most complete—
Dress Shirts, with or without Collars,
Silk and Merino Under Shirts, very superior, all sizes,
Drawers, fine assortment
Socks, silk, Merino, Cotton, Figured and Plain,
Stocks, Plain and Fancy,
Gloves, a great variety,
Dressing Gowns, very handsome,
POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS, silk, linen, colored, plain and embroidered,

In addition to the above he has a fine supply of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

which he would be pleased to offer to the inspection of the public; being manufactured under his own supervision can confidently recommend them, and asks a comparison with any other Goods in this market or out of it, either in quality or price. All he asks is a reasonable profit, and

Will not be Undersold by Any!

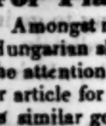
Gentlemen furnishing their own Goods to be manufactured may rely upon receiving the same attention and care as if sold by himself.

Cutting done at any time at usual rates.

Latest Paris, London and New York Fashions just at hand. ISAAC PROCTER.
Raleigh, October 2, 1852. 92

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS.

BROGANS! BROGANS!



THE subscriber has now on hand and intends to keep at all times during the Fall and Winter seasons a large and good assortment of Negro Shoes, for male and female, embracing all kinds used

For Plantation and other Purposes.

Amongst my assortment of Brogans may be found the Hungarian shoe and Stitchdowns, to which I would call the attention of Farmers and others in want of a superior article for their servants. My prices shall be as low as similar goods can be bought elsewhere, and I would respectfully invite the attention of all to an examination of my stock, as I shall sell low for cash.

I have also on hand and intend constantly to keep, a large and well selected assortment of

Ladie's & Gentlemen's Boots & Shoes.

including all of the latest styles and patterns. Also,
Boys and Youths Boots and Shoes,
Misses and Children's Shoes, all kinds,
Travelling and hair Trunks, Valices, Bonnet Boxes, Carpet Bags, Satchels, Blacking, Brushes. &c. All of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash, by
A. J. PARTIN,
Sign of the Big Boot.
Raleigh, September 18, 1852. 88—

A Good assortment of Ladies', Misses and Children's dressed and undressed MOROCCO BOOTEES. Also a great variety of Ladies, Misses, and Children's Black and colored Prunella and lasting GAITERS. Come and supply yourselves at A. J. PARTIN'S.
Raleigh, Sign of the Big Boot.

GENTLEMEN who are desirous of good health would do well to call at A. J. Partin's and supply themselves with a pair of Cork Sole or Water-proof BOOTS, which they can purchase for a small sum of money not exceeding four dollars and fifty cents.
Raleigh, Sept. 18, 1852. 88—

JUST OPENED, a good assortment of Gents fine Calf Stitched Boots and Shoes. Also, 200 pairs business boots. A. J. PARTIN.
Raleigh, Sept. 16th, 1852. 88—

J. J. BIGGS'

NORTH CAROLINA
CLOTHING AND FURNISHING
CHEAP CASH STORE.

THE Members of the Legislature and others visiting the City, are invited to call and examine a very fine assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, and VESTINGS, which will be made to order. Also, all kinds of READY-MADE CLOTHING, and FURNISHING GOODS for gentlemen, consisting in part of fine Dress and under Shirts, of nearly all qualities and styles, Drawers, Half-Hose, Pocket Handk'f's, Cravats, Ties and Stocks, in great variety, Gloves and Suspenders, of all kinds, Dressing Gowns, which are so necessary to one's comfort. Also, a very superior lot of Dress Hats.

Call at No. 10, Fayetteville St.

N. B. When the Measure is taken a good fit is warrented in every instance. J. J. B.
Raleigh, Sept. 24, 1852. 90—6w.

Boots and Shoes!

NO change on the former price of BOOTS and SHOES at Tucker's.

45 Cases just opened, consisting in part of the following:
Robinson's White and Black Kid Slippers,
do White Satin Slippers.
do Thick and thin Sole Gaiters, with and without Ties.
Robinson's Kid Walking Shoes and Buskins,
do Kid and Enamelled Boots
do Thick Soled Goat Boots for Ladies, Misses and children.
Ladies Seal and Kip Buskins.
Women's Morrocco and Leather Boots,
Men's fine Kip, Lined and Bound Shoes.
do Single and double soled Brogans, a large lot.
Boy's and children's fine Kip, Lined and Bound Shoes and Brogans.
Men's, boy's and children's Kip and Brogan Boots.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Just Arrived.

VOL. VI., English Reports in Law and Equity.
The use of Sunshine, by the authoress of "The Maiden Aunt," "The Story of a Family," &c.
Margaret Cecil, by Cousin Kate.
Women of Christianity, by Iulia Kavanagh, author of 'Nathile," "Madeline." &c.
Hearts unveiled, or, "I know you would like him," by Sarah Emery Saymore.
Dream Life, a fable of the seasons, by Ike Marvel, author of "Reveries of a Batchelor," "Lorgnette," &c.
For sale by W. L. POMEROY.
Raleigh, April 13th, 1852. 46—

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

JAMES McKIMMON.

Fayetteville St., next door to the N. C. Bookstore,

HAS in store and is now receiving a full assortment of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, together with his usual supplies of Groceries, Hardware, Queens-ware, Hats and Caps, which he offers to the public, Wholesale and Retail, on liberal terms, consisting in part of the following:
Printed Cashmere and DeLaines, new and beautiful designs,
Brocade Silks, very rich,
Fancy fig'd and plain do
Plain bl'k and watered do
French Merinos of every shade,
English do do
French and Earlston Ginghams, Fancy and Black and White,
French, English and American Prints of the latest style,
4-4 to 12-4 Tarlton Wool Shawls, all qualities
8-4 to 10-4 Long do do
Black and Mode colors do
Embroidered Linen Cambric Hd'kfs,
Hem Stitch and Tape Bord'd do
Black, White and Fancy Kid Gloves for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses and children,
Black Nett and Plain Silk do do do
Silk and Cotton Hosiery of all kinds,
Merino, Thibbet and Wool Gloves do
Damask Table Diapers, 6-4, 8-4 and 10-4 wide,
Bird Eye, Scotch and Russia Diapers,
Huckaback, Bleached and Brown,
Damask Napkins and Doylies,
Bamsley Sheeting, 6-4 and 12-4 wide, Pillow Case Linen,
Irish Linen, Long Lawn, French Lawn,
Jackonett, Cambric, Plaid and Swiss Muslins, and Nansook do
Plain and Dotted Swiss do
White, Red, Green and Yellow Flannels, in great variety,
Blue and Brown Cotton Shirtings and Sheetings,
Kerseys, Linseys and Osnaburgs,
Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings, a complete assortment.

HATS AND CAPS,
Just to hand a general assortment of Fashionable Fall style for Men, Boys and Children.

BOOTS AND SHOES,
Now opning my usual large supply for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys, Misses and Children, in great variety. Also, Men's and Boy's heavy Brogans, single and double soles, suitable for the Farmers.

COTTON BAGGING, ROPE AND TWINE.
A large Lot of Gunny, Dundee, and German Bagging, Hemp and Jute Rope and Twine.

GROCERIES.
A complete assortment of Brown, Crushed, Ground and Clarified Sugars,
Java, Laguira and Rio Coffee,
Sugar-House Molasses and Syrup, choice Teas,
Choice Champagne, Maderia, Sherry and Port Wines,
Cogniac Brandy and old Monongahela Whiskey,
Segars of the most approved Brands.
Sept. 24, 1852. 91—1y.

Just Received and for Sale,

A RICH assortment of Fancy Neck, Sash, Hat and Cap Ribbons,
Plain Satin and Lustring Ribbons, all colors and widths,
French worked Muslin undersleeves,
Infant's French worked Frock Bodies and Caps,
Ladies' French worked Caps and Collars in great variety,
do do Mourning and half Mourning Collars,
do do Cuffs, Muslins and Dimity Bands.
Real Thread Lace, Insertings and Edgings,
Imitation do do do
Lisle do do do
Bobbin do do do
JAMES McKIMMON.
Oct. 1, 1852. 93—

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

RECENT arrivals have put us in possession of a considerable portion of our Fall purchase of New cudse asonable

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Fancy Articles, &c.
Being determined to
Offer Great Inducements!

we respectfully call the attention of our friends, customers and the public generally to our Stock, feeling confident that an examination will suffice to effect a sale.
HEARTT & JONES.
Raleigh Sept. 13, 1852. 87—3t.

Notice.

THE sale of stock in the Greenville and Raleigh Plank Road Company advertised to take place to day, is postponed till Thursday the 14th of October next.
R. L. MYERS, *Pres't.*
JNO. A. SELBY, *Sec'y.*
Sept. 23, 1852. 93—

NEW BOOKS.

NEW AND COMPLETE COOK-BOOK. The Practical Cook-Book, containing upwards of one thousand receipts, consisting of directions for selecting, preparing, and cooking all kinds of Meats, Fish, Poultry, and Game; Soups, Broths, Vegetables, and Salads, Also, for making all kinds of Plain and Fancy Breads. Pastes, Puddings, Cakes, Creams, Ices, Jellies, Preserves, Marmalades, &c., &c., &c. Together with various Miscellaneous Receipts, and numerous Preparations for Invalids. By Mrs. BLISS. In one vol., 12mo.

The Freemason's Manual; a companion for the initiated through all the degrees of Freemasonry, from the 'Entered Apprentice' to the higher degrees of 'Knighthood.' Embracing Entered Apprentice, Fellow Craft, Master Mason, Past Master, Mark Master, Most Excellent Master, Royal Arch, Select Master, High Priesthood, Knight of the Red Cross, Knights Templars, Knights of Malta, the Ancient Constitution of the Order, &c. Embellished with upwards of one hundred Engravings, illustrating the emblems and symbols of the Order. By Rev. KINSEY JOHNS STEWART, K. T. This work has the sanction and approval of the R. W. G. M. of the State of Delaware, and of the M. E. G. H. P. of the Grand H. R. A. C. of Pennsylvania.

For sale at the N. C Bookstore by
H. D. TURNER.
Raleigh, September 27th, 1852. 91—

Readable Books.

POPULAR library of the best authors, books which quicken the intelligence of youth, delight age, decorate prosperity, shelter and solace us in adversity, bring enjoyment at home, befriend us out of doors, pass the night with us, travel with us, go into the country with us.—*Cicero.*

1. Essays from the London Times, a collection of personal and historical Sketches. 2. The Yellowplush Papers, by W. M. Thackeray. 3. The Maiden and Married Life of Mary Powell, afterwards Mistress Milton. 4, 5. Travels in Tartary, Thibet, and China, in 1844–'45, by M. Huc, Missionary Priest, 2 vols. 6. Gaieties and Gravities, by Horace Smith, one of the Authors of the "Rejected Addresses." 7, 8. The Paris Sketch Book, by W. M. Thackeray, 2 vols. 8vo. 9, 10. Little Pedlington and the Pedlingtonians, by John Poole, Author of "Paul Pry."

For sale at the North-Carolina Book-Store by
HENRY D. TURNER.
Raleigh, May 21st, 1852. 58—

The North-Carolina Executor,

CONTAINING the Statutes and Common Law of this State, together with the decisions of the Supreme Court, and all the necessary forms, precedents, &c., &c.

Intended as a safe Guide to Executors and Administrators.

With which is necessarily connected the kindred subjects of Wills, Legacies, Dower, and other Provisions for Widows, Distribution of Estate, Descent of Land, Partition, Guardianship, &c., by Benjamin Swaim.

For sale at the North-Carolina Book-Store by
H. D. TURNER.
May 13, 1852. 54—

UNION HOTEL.

MRS. HALL, thankful for past favors, respectfully asks a continuance of the same. She intends to spare no pains to render those who put up with her comfortable and agreeable. Her Stables will be supplied as usual. Her House is East of the Baptist Church.
Raleigh, August 23, 1852. 834—3w.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, October 5, 1852.

Thomas J. Person, the Senator elect from Northampton, Charles McCleese, the Senator elect from Washington and Tyrrell, James P. Speight, the Senator elect from Lenoir and Greene, and George H. McMillan, Senator elect from Onslow, appeared, were qualified, and took their seats.

The Senate was informed by message of the organization of the House, and of its readiness to enter on the public business.

On motion of Mr. Bower, a message was sent to the House informing that body of the organization of the Senate, and of its readiness to proceed with business.

On motion of Mr. Steele, seats were assigned for Reporters to the Senate.

On motion of Mr. Brogden, the rules of order for the last session were adopted for the present session until otherwise ordered.

A message was received from the Commons proposing a joint select committee of two on the part of each House, to wait on His Excellency the Governor, inform him of the organization of the two Houses and of their readiness to receive any communication he may have to make. Agreed to, and Messrs. Joyner and Brogden appointed on the part of the Senate. Mr. Joyner, from this Committee, soon after reported that they had waited on the Governor, and had received for answer that he would send in a message to-day at 12 o'clock.

The message of the Governor with accompanying documents was received from the Commons with a proposition to print five copies of the same for each member. Agreed to. [The Governor's Message and accompanying documents will be found in another part of to-day's Standard.]

The Senate then proceeded to consider the matter of the contested seat from Currituck and Camden. We present here, at length, the papers from the Sheriff of Camden and the returning officer of Currituck in relation to this matter:

Certificate of Returning Officer of Currituck County.

I, Edmund Simmons, Returning officer of the County of Currituck, having received from the inspectors of the different precincts in said County the returns of the Senatorial votes as given in at the election for Senator for the District composed of the Counties of Camden and Currituck, held on the first Thursday of August, 1852, together with the list of voters; and having on the second Thursday of August met the Returning officer of the County of Camden at Dr. Marchant's Store at Indian Town, Currituck County, for the purpose of comparing and examining the Senatorial polls, and being prevented on that day from concluding the examination and comparison, I did proceed on the next day to compare and examine said Senatorial polls with the Returning officer of the County of Camden, and on such comparison and examination I hereby certify that Henry M. Shaw had the largest number of votes for Senator for said District, and is therefore duly elected as such.

EDMUND SIMMONS,
Returning officer of Currituck Co.

Certificate of Sheriff of Camden.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
CAMDEN CO., Aug. 16, 1852. }

This is to certify that I, E. P. Dailey, have given Henry M. Shaw a list of the Senate voters in the County of Camden for the year 1852. The poll-books have two hundred and ninety-four votes, and the inspector's certificates two hundred and ninety-three votes. Witness my hand and seal.

E. P. DAILEY, *Sh'ff*, [SEAL.]

Two hundred and forty votes for John Barnard, and fifty-three votes for Henry M. Shaw.

E. P. DAILEY, *Sh'ff.*

Certificate of Coroner of Currituck Co.

I, Edmund Simmons, Coroner of Currituck County, do certify that at the election held on the first Thursday in August, 1852, to elect a Senator to represent the 2d Senatorial District composed of the Counties of Camden and Currituck, according to the returns made to me by the different inspectors and poll-keepers of said County, that Henry M. Shaw received two hundred and eighty-five votes, and that John Barnard received ninety-seven votes. This the 20th August, 1852. E. SIMMONS, *Coroner.*

Certificate of Sheriff of Camden Co.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
CAMDEN COUNTY. }

Be it remembered, that at the time and place appointed by law, to wit, Indian Town, in the County of Currituck, and on the second Tuesday in August last, I, Enoch P. Dailey, Sheriff of the County of Camden, did meet the Returning officer of the County of Currituck, to wit, Edmund Simmons, for the purpose of comparing the polls of the Counties of Camden and Currituck, and ascertaining who was elected Senator to the next Legislature to be held for the State of North Carolina from the District composed of said Counties, at an election which had theretofore been held at the different precincts in said County, for that purpose, to wit, on the first Thursday in August, 1852; that then and there, in the presence of Alfred Pearkes, Joseph M. Margen, and B. Grandy, three freeholders of the Counties of Camden and Currituck, I did demand an exhibition of a correct statement of the number of votes given for each candidate and a list of the names of the persons voting, signed by the inspectors, from the Returning officer of the County of Currituck, having exhibited the same from the County of Camden; whereupon the Returning officer of the County of Currituck did refuse and neglect to exhibit a list of the names of the persons voting for Senator at said election in the County of Currituck, except from one precinct in said County; wherefore, upon such examination and comparison of the certificates of the inspectors of the said election, accompanied by correct lists of the names of the persons voting at the election aforesaid, and for the office aforesaid, I, E. P. Dailey, Sheriff of the County of Camden, do declare and certify that John Barnard is duly elected Senator for the District composed of the Counties of Camden and Currituck to the next General Assembly to be held for the State of North Carolina.

Given under my hand and seal, this the 24th day of September, 1852.

E P. DAILEY, *Sh'ff.* [SEAL.]

Mr. T. F. Jones offered the following Resolution, which was accepted by Mr. Woodfin in lieu of his amendment of yesterday, to wit:

WHEREAS, The Sheriff of Camden County hath certified to the Senate that John Barnard, on the 5th of August last was duly elected a member of this house from the 2d Senatorial District composed of the Counties of Camden and Currituck; WHEREAS, the Sheriff of Currituck County, who was alive on the day the election was held, but died before the day fixed by law for comparing the polls, whereupon the Coroner of said Currituck County hath certified that H. M. Shaw is elected Senator in said District; WHEREAS, the certificate of the said Coroner, if admissable at all, can (as it is insisted) be justified only by taking from said Barnard one vote received by him in Camden County, because, on the certified return from one precinct the votes counted out numbered one more than the voters at the same district listed by the Clerk, and by giving two votes to said Shaw in Currituck County, because two votes were found in the Governor's box at a precinct where, without counting said votes, the number of voters listed and the number of votes counted out were the same; and WHEREAS, neither applicant has on his behalf the evidence required by law before taking a seat to represent the freemen of North Carolina in this body, and to enable the Senate to do justice to both, investigation is necessary;

Resolved, That it be referred to a select committee of seven whose duty it shall be to report the facts of this case, at the very earliest day convenient.

By consent of the Senate a paper writing relating to this subject was offered by Mr. T. F. Jones, and read.

Mr. Jones then spoke at some length in favor of referring the whole matter to a Committee of the Senate; and Mr. Caldwell, of Mecklenburg, followed in reply to Mr. Jones, maintaining that the evidence before the Senate of Dr. Shaw's election was complete, and that there was no necessity for referring the matter to a Committee.

Mr. Hoke followed in opposition to referring the matter to a Committee, and argued to show, from the evidence before the Senate, that Dr. Shaw was entitled to his seat. Mr. Jones spoke briefly in reply, and was followed by Mr. Lillington in support of Mr. Jones' Resolution. Mr. Hoke replied briefly to Mr. Jones; after which the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

TUESDAY, Oct. 5, 1852.

The Speaker took his seat at 10 o'clock, and called the House to order. The proceedings of yesterday were read, and approved.

Mr. Jones, of Tyrrell, and Messrs. Bynum and Lockhart, of Northampton, appeared, produced their credentials, were qualified, and took their seats.

The Speaker announced that the question before the House was the motion of Mr. Avery to lay upon the table the resolution offered by Mr. D. F. Caldwell, instructing the Doorkeeper to have curtains hung to the upper windows of the Commons Hall.

Mr. Avery withdrew his motion, and

Mr. Cherry, of Bertie, moved to amend the resolution by instructing the Doorkeeper to procure and put up baize curtains for temporary use. The amendment was accepted, and the resolution read a second and third times and adopted.

Mr. Wheeler, of Lincoln, offered a resolution to adopt the rules of the last session for the temporary government of the House, and also providing for the appointment of a committee of five to report new rules, which was adopted.

Mr. Cherry, of Bertie, offered a resolution that a message be sent to the Senate informing that body of the organization of the House. Adopted.

Mr. S. P. Hill, of Caswell, offered a resolution proposing to raise a joint select committee of two from each House to take into consideration the fitting up of the Senate and Commons chambers in a manner condusive to the comfort of the members. Adopted.

The Speaker announced a message from the Senate informing the House of the organization of that body.

Mr. Martin, of Franklin, offered a resolution that a message be sent to the Senate proposing to raise a joint select committee of two from each House to wait upon the Governor and inform him that both Houses were organized and ready to receive any communication from him. Adopted.

A message was received from the Senate containing a statement from the Secretary of State that Seaton Gales had contracted to do the public Printing of both Houses.

The Speaker announced the following gentlemen as constituting the committee to report rules of order, viz: Messrs. Wheeler, Puryear, Cherry, Dobbin and Leach.

A message was received from the Senate concurring in the proposition to raise a joint select committee to wait on the Governor, and naming Messrs. Brogden and Joyner as the committee on the part of the Senate.

The Speaker appointed Messrs. Martin and Phillips on the part of the House.

The committee reported that the Governor would send in his message at 12 o'clock.

Mr. Wheeler, of Lincoln, offered a resolution proposing to go into the election of Engrossing Clerk to-morrow at 12 o'clock.

Mr. Avery moved to lay the resolution on the table, which was negatived.

Mr. Wilder, of Wake, moved to amend the resolution by changing 12 to 11.

Mr. Wheeler stated that he had offered the resolution as a peace-offering, and not as a fire-brand, and withdrew it.

Mr. Miller, of Caldwell, offered a resolution to send a message to the Senate proposing to go into the election of Engrossing Clerk immediately.

Mr. Avery moved to lay on the table, which was adopted by a vote of 47 to 43.

The hour of 12 having arrived the Governor sent in his message by Mr. Jones, Private Secretary, which was read by the Assistant Clerk.

Mr. Dobbin moved to send it to the Senate with a proposition to print five copies for each member of the General Assembly, which was concurred in.

The House then adjourned until to-morrow morning 10 o'clock.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, October 6, 1852.

A message was received from the House proposing to raise a Joint select committee of two on the part of each House to take into consideration the furnishing each House in a manner suitable to the comfort and convenience of the members. Concurred in, and Messrs. Bunting and Lillington appointed on the part of the Senate. Also, proposing a Joint committee to report rules for the government of the intercourse of the two Houses. Concurred in, and Messrs. Bower, Thompson, and Brogden appointed.

Also, a message proposing to raise a Joint select committee consist of nine on the part of the House, and five on the part of the Senate, on so much of the message of His Excellency the Governor as relates to the question of repealing for the session the existing law as to the period of the meeting of the General Assembly, and proceeding to act on the ordinary business of legislation. Concurred in, and the House was informed that Messrs. Caldwell, J. F. Jones, Hargrave, Drake, and Albritton form the Senate's branch of the Committee.

Also, a message proposing to raise a Joint select committee to consist of nine on the part of the House, and five on the part of the Senate, on so much of the Governor's message as relates to the subject of prescribing the mode of electing Electors for President and Vice President, &c. Concurred in, and Messrs. Hoke, Kelly, Thomas, Boyd, and Woodfin appointed on the part of the Senate.

The Senate refused to concur in a proposition from the House to go immediately into the election of an Engrossing Clerk.

The Senate now resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, to wit, the contested election from Camden and Currituck. Mr. T. F. Jones presented a paper in relation to the same, and asked that it be read. Mr. Hoke objected to the reading of the paper, as not being in order, but by permission of the Senate it was read and ordered to be laid on the table.

The Senate was addressed by Mr. Bynum in favor of referring the matter to a Committee, and Mr. Caldwell followed in reply. [We are prevented from giving the remarks of these gentlemen (already written out by a competent Reporter,) by the pressure of other matter on our columns to-day, which cannot be postponed. The remarks of Mr. Hoke, delivered on the same subject yesterday, shall also appear hereafter.]

The Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 6th, 1852.

The House met according to adjournment, and was called to order by the Speaker. Yesterday's proceedings were read and approved.

The Speaker announced that the business before the House was the proposition to raise a joint select committee of five on the part of the House and three on the part of the Senate, to report rules for the government of the intercourse between the two Houses, which was adopted and sent to the Senate.

Mr. Wheeler, from the committee to report rules for the government of the House, said that that duty had been discharged, and begged leave to report. The report was read and unanimously adopted.

Mr. Dobbin offered a resolution that a message be sent to the Senate proposing to raise a joint select committee of nine on the part of the House and five on the part of the Senate, to take into consideration so much of the special Message of the Governor as relates to the adjournment of the General Assembly; and also another committee, constituted in the same manner, to take into consideration so much of the Message as relates to the re-arranging of the Electoral Districts.

Mr. Dobbin stated that there were other subjects embraced in the Message which it would probably be proper to refer to select committees; but that he did not deem it necessary at present. That when the question of adjournment was settled the Legislature would be prepared to proceed in a proper spirit to the accomplishment of its work; the committee would take into consideration both the Constitutional question and the expediency of adjourning, and report at an early day. He named the numbers of nine on the part of the House and five on the part of the Senate, not only because it was a fair proportion, but that in the construction of the House part of the committee one might be taken from each Congressional District.

The resolution was adopted unanimously.

Mr. Miller moved to take up the resolution to send a message to the Senate proposing to go immediately into the election of Engrossing Clerk.

The House agreed to take up by a vote of 54 to 47.

Mr. Wilder moved to amend by striking out "immediately" and inserting "11 o'clock to-morrow morning." Not agreed to.

The question occurring on the adoption of the resolution it prevailed by a vote of 57 to 46.

A message was received from the Senate informing the House that it had laid upon the table the resolution relating to the election of Engrossing Clerk.

A message was received from the Senate concurring in the resolutions to raise joint select committees on different portions of the special message of the Governor, and on joint rules of order.

The Speaker announced the following committees on the part of the House:

On fitting up the Halls—Messrs. S. P. Hill and Cherry.

On that portion of the Governor's message relating to adjournment—Messrs. Leach, Carmichael, Love, Black, Strange, Amis, Wilder, Albertson, and Stubbs.

On re-arranging the Electoral Districts—Messrs. Dobbin, Fagg, Dobson, Lander, Wiley, J. Turner, Cherry, Dortch and W. H. Sanders.

On joint resolutions—Messrs. Wheeler, Waters, Avery, Wynne and Adams.

On motion of Mr. Martin, the House adjourned until 11 o'clock to-morrow morning.

SENATE.

THURSDAY, October 7, 1852.

Mr. Bower, from the Committee, reported Joint rules of order for the two Houses, which were agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Clark, a Committee was appointed to report rules for the government of the Senate. The Speaker appointed Messrs. Clark, Joyner, Bower, Person, and Gilmer the Committee.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the contested case from Currituck and Camden. Mr. Kelly spoke at some length in favor of Mr. Jones' Resolution, and was replied to by Mr. Bower. On the motion to substitute the Resolution of Mr. Jones providing for a Committee, for the Resolution of Mr. Hoke declaring Dr. Shaw entitled to the seat, Mr. Bower called for a division of the question; and the vote was first taken on striking out as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Albright, Albritton, Arendell, Bynum, Cowper, Gilmer, Joyner, T. F. Jones, Kelly, Lane, Lillington, Mitchell, McCleese, Murry, Parks, Palmer, Richardson, Steele, Thompson, Willy and Woodfin—21.

Nays—Messrs. Bower, Berry, Brogden, Bunting, Boyd, Barrow, Clark, Canady, Caldwell, Collins, Cunningham, Drake, Hoke, Hargrave, Herring, W. Jones, Kerr, McMillan, McDowell, Murchison, Person, Speight, Ward, Watson and Withers—25.

So the Senate refused to strike out.

Mr. Lillington moved to strike out after the word Resolved, and insert:

"That as, in the contested election from the 2d Senatorial District composed of the Counties of Camden and Currituck, it does not satisfactorily appear from the evidence produced by John Barnard and Henry M. Shaw, that either is entitled to the seat, that said election be referred to the people of said District for their decision; and that a writ of election issue."

The Senate refused, by the same vote, to strike out.

The Resolution of Mr. Hoke, declaring Dr. H. M. Shaw entitled to the seat, was then adopted, yeas 25, nays 21—the Democrats voting in the affirmative, and the Whigs in the negative.

Dr. Shaw then went forward to the Clerk's desk, was qualified, and took his seat as the Senator from Camden and Currituck.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

THURSDAY, Oct. 7th, 1852.

The Speaker took his Chair at 11 o'clock and called the House to order. The proceedings of yesterday were read and approved.

Mr. Norfleet, one of the members elect from Edgecombe, presented his credentials, was qualified, and took his seat.

Mr. Dobbin, from the joint select committee on re-arranging the Electoral Districts, reported a Bill, which was read the first time and ordered to be printed.

[The Bill provides for repealing the present law in regard to the Electoral Districts, and declares that an election shall be held on the first Tuesday in November next to elect ten Electors for President and Vice President, one from the State at large, and one from each of the nine Congressional Districts as at present arranged. The Act to go into effect from and after its ratification.]

Mr. Wiley, of Guilford, offered a preamble and resolutions providing for the adjournment of the present session on the 11th instant, and the re-assembling of the Assembly on the first Monday in December next, which was committed to the committee on adjournment.

On motion of Mr. Leach, of Davidson, the House adjourned until 11 o'clock to-morrow morning.

FABLES FOR GROWN PEOPLE. We commend to our readers the following little parable told by Dr. Reynolds, of Oswego, N. Y., to a gathering of farmers in that vicinity:

"As you are all farmers, I'll tell you a story of a young farmer. He thought of getting married, as every man ought, (a laugh,) but had two sweethearts, which every man ought not, (more laughter). One was a tall, fine girl, vain, showy, famous at a ball, but not good at house work. She was so famous for silk and plumes, and always in such a hurry, that she got the name of Fuss and Feathers. (Loud laughter.)

The other was mild, intelligent and clever, able to show off at a ball, but more fond of being happy and making others happy at home; she was fit for any work—neat, without being gaudy—generous, without being extravagant. And though Fuss and Feathers was a great belle, the young farmer reflected that if he married her, his farm would go to ruin, his independence would be lost, and he himself bound to the painful slavery of being in debt; when if he married the other, he would have a pleasing, intelligent companion, who would keep him respectable by keeping him out of debt, maintain his independence, and secure his happiness. He married her, and rejected Fuss and Feathers. (Loud laughter.)"

Richmond Enquirer.

SPECIAL MESSAGE.

To the Honorable the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina.

The meeting of the Legislature affords a fit occasion for the expression of deep-felt gratitude to an all-wise Providence for the many blessings bestowed upon us as a Republic, as a State, and as a People.

With the advice of the Council of State, it was deemed absolutely necessary to call a meeting of the General Assembly, at an earlier day than was provided for the regular meeting thereof, for the purpose of having legislative action in relation to the election of Electors of President and Vice President of the United States. This necessity arose in consequence of the action of Congress apportioning the Members of the House of Representatives among the several States, according to the Census of 1850, by which the State of North Carolina will be entitled to only ten Electoral votes, while the present Act of Assembly provides for the election of eleven Electors. The communication of the Executive to the Council of State, and the proceedings of that body thereon, and the Official Certificate of the Secretary of the Interior in relation to the apportionment under the Seventh Census, are herewith transmitted.

Laying off the State in districts would impose the necessity on the people of making new nominations of candidates for Electors; which, for want of sufficient intervening time, would operate very inconveniently at the ensuing election. It is therefore recommended that an Act be passed, providing for the election, on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November next, of ten Electors of President and Vice President; that the existing laws prescribing the qualification of voters, the manner of holding the election and making returns, as well as the penalty imposed for illegal voting, be continued in force.

The Constitution requires the Senatoral districts to be laid off by the General Assembly "at its first session after the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one," and that the apportionment of the House of Commons shall be made by the General Assembly at the respective periods when the districts for the Senate are directed to be laid off.

In regard to amendments to the Constitution by legislative enactment, it is provided in the Constitution, that, "If, after such publication, the alteration proposed by the preceding General Assembly shall be agreed to, *in the first session thereafter*, by two-thirds of the whole representation in each House of the General Assembly, after the same shall have been read three times on three several days in each House, then the said General Assembly shall prescribe a mode by which the amendment or amendments may be submitted to the qualified voters of the House of Commons throughout the State."

It is respectfully submitted whether public convenience will not be promoted by repealing, for the session, the law requiring the meeting of the General Assembly on the third Monday in November, and proceeding to act on the ordinary business of legislation, thereby having but one instead of two sessions. Should the General Assembly decide to adopt this course, when informed of that fact, my regular Message will be communicated accordingly.

DAVID S. REID.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
RALEIGH, *October* 4, 1852.

[A.]

Communication to Council and Proceedings.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE, }
Raleigh, May 20, 1852. }

GENTLEMEN: The construction placed on the second clause of the first section of the third article of the Constitution of the United States, requires the vote for President and Vice President in 1852, to be according to the Census of 1850. This construction has been generally acquiesced in, and will, I presume, be adopted by all the States. Although I have not been officially informed of the fact, yet it is well understood that North Carolina, according to the late apportionment, will only be entitled to ten Electoral votes in the next election. The act of the General Assembly of this State, at the session of 1842-'3, divided the State into eleven Electoral Districts. Therefore, the act of Assembly provides for the election of eleven Electors, while the State, under the late apportionment, will only be entitled to ten Electoral votes. The next election for President and Vice President will take place before the regular period appointed by law for the meeting of the General Assembly. It is provided by law, that "the Governor may, with the advice of the Council of State, call a meeting of the General Assembly, if the same shall be absolutely necessary, at a sooner day than the same may be adjourned to or appointed to meet." I submit to your consideration, whether, under the circumstances, it does not become necessary to convene the General Assembly at an earlier day than is provided by law for its regular meeting, to have further legislation to avoid illegality in the election for President and Vice President. If your body should advise the General Assembly to be convened for the purpose I have mentioned, the question then arises as to the most appropriate time for the meeting. It occurs to me that it should not be called together till after the next August election.

The Constitution provides that "the Senate of this State shall consist of fifty representatives, biennially chosen by ballot, and to be elected by districts—which districts shall be laid off by the General Assembly, at its first session after the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-one, and afterwards at its first session after the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one." It is also provided that the apportionment of the members of the House of Commons "shall be made by the General Assembly at the respective times and periods when the districts for the Senate are hereinbefore directed to be laid off." If the General Assembly should be called together before the regular period, it would of course be *a session*, and the first session after the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one. The language of the Constitution is not the first *regular or biennial session*, but "*at its first session*." It would, therefore, seem, that if the Legislature is convened, the Constitution requires the Senatorial districts to be laid off, and the members of the House of Commons to be apportioned. If it is convened before the next August election, it will be composed of members chosen in 1850, who, I presume, were not elected with a view to laying off the Senatorial districts and apportioning the members of the House of Commons. I therefore submit, whether a regard for public interest, and a respect for public opinion, do not require that the time for convening the General Assembly should be postponed till the first Monday in October next. The Legislature, then called together, would be fresh from the people, and fully prepared to reflect their will on these subjects and all others.

The next session of the General Assembly will in all probablility be one of more than ordinary length. Laying off the Congressional and Senatorial districts, apportioning the members of the House of Commons, and acting upon the report of the Commissioners appointed to revise the Statutes, added to the ordinary business of legislation, will protract the session. The people might go on, and in their primary meetings, nominate their candidates for Electors, and the General Assembly, when convened, might pass the necessary act in time for the Presidential election. The Legislature could then proceed to lay off the Senatorial districts and apportion the members of the House of Commons; repeal, for the session, the act fixing the time for the meeting of the General Assembly, and then act upon the Report of the Committee appointed to revise the Statutes, or upon any other business of legislation. In this way, it seems to me, the expense and inconvenience of an extra session might be avoided.

This communication, you will observe, is predicated upon the fact that the term of the members of the Legislature commences at the regular biennial election in August. Upon this point I think there can be no doubt. It has been said that this construction would operate as an inconvenience; for, if the office of Governor were to become vacant after the election in August, then there would be no Speaker of the Senate to succeed him. Even admitting this to be true, it argues nothing; for we all know that an inconvenience experienced from a provision in the Constitution does not authorise us to change its construction. The Constitution provides that members of the Assembly shall be biennially chosen. All seem to admit that they are elected for a term of two years. In 1835, the Constitution was amended, and, instead of each county having a Senator and two members of the House of Commons, a different mode of representation was substituted. Although the amended Constitution was ratified in November, 1835, an ordinance of the Convention postponed its operation until the 1st of January, 1836. The Constitution which went into effect on that day, abolished the Assembly elected under the old Constitution, and, consequently, the first Assembly chosen under the new Constitution was elected at the summer elections of 1836. The term of the members of that Assembly commenced from the election. If the term commenced at the election then, it must be so now; for the Constitution has not been changed since that time.

I most respectfully ask your advice in relation to convening the General Assembly.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
DAVID S. REID.

TO THE COUNCIL OF STATE.

WHEREUPON IT WAS ORDERED, that the Council of State do advise the Governor to call a session of the General Assembly to be elected in August next, to meet in the City of Raleigh, *on the first Monday in October next*, as proposed in the preceding communication.

W. S. HILL,
President of Council.

No further business coming before the Council, that body adjourned.

[B.]

I. ALEXANDER H. H. STUART, Secretary of the Interior, do hereby certify, that in the discharge of the duty devolved on me by the provisions of an Act of Congress approved May 23d, 1850, entitled "An Act providing for the taking of the seventh and subsequent Censuses of the United States, and to fix the number of the Members of the House of Representatives, and provide for their future apportionment among the several States," and in pursuance of the provisions of another Act of Congress, approved 30th July, 1852, entitled "An Act supplementary to 'An Act providing for the taking of the seventh and subsequent censuses of the United States, and to fix the number of the Members of the House of Representatives, and to provide for their future apportionment among the several States,' approved twenty-third May, eighteen hundred and fifty," I have apportioned the Representatives among the several States, as provided for by said acts, in the manner directed by the 25th section of the act, approved 23d May, 1850, and the 1st section of the act approved 30th July, 1852.

And I do hereby further certify, that the number of Representatives apportioned to the State of NORTH CAROLINA, under the last seventh enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States, is Eight. (8)

[SEAL] IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and caused the seal of the Department of the Interior to be affixed, at the City of Washington, this second day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two.

ALEXANDER H. H. STUART.

For the Standard.

WHIG CONSISTENCY.

MR. EDITOR: Every reflecting Whig, who takes the least interest in the acts, or pride in the character of the party, of which he professes himself a member, must be deeply humiliated when he calmly views their conduct for several years past.

If the bitter denunciations of the Mexican war, and the shameful abuse of Scott and Taylor, by their leading men and journals in '46 and '7, are compared with the fulsome adulation of the same parties in '48 and '52, it must strike every unprejudiced man with astonishment at the audacious effrontery with which they appeal to the people for support.

In '46 and '7 the American army in Mexico were described as "a band of disciplined cut-throats," the national enemy were called on "to welcome them with bloody hands and hospitable graves," their gallant leaders were pointed out as men who deserved, and would receive the "execrations of the world" for their wholesale butcheries of the much abused Mexicans. Every new victory was received with sullen disapprobation; our honor as a nation and our character as a people were declared to be disgraced forever. Such is the recorded language of the Whigs in '46 and '47.

How changed the scene in '48! Taylor, the execrated leader of the "cut throats," was loudly proclaimed to be the best of men and the first of Generals. Scott was deliberately rejected as a man of "fuss and feathers, whose brains lay in his sword and epauletts," and the *consistent* Whigs succeded, during a delirium of national gratitude in electing as President a mere soldier, whose imbecility of character and inexperience in civil affairs brought ridicule upon the high office, once filled by a Washington and a Jackson. What cared the Whigs for national honor or national fame!—the patronage of the government and the money of the people were in their grasp. The journals of the last Congress will tell to *posterity* how the one was abused and the other plundered, by men who still stand high in the ranks of the party.

The wire-pullers of the party are again at work; the rejected of '48, the man without brains, is suddenly discovered to be "available," and of course possesses every necessary qualification for office, which qualification must have been acquired since '48, as in that year high Whig authority declared him totally unfit to be Chief Magistrate of the Republic. Thus again will this reckless party attempt the same game of thrusting on the people another "mere soldier," the only difference being that the almost childish simplicity of Taylor will be replaced by the dangerous (because selfish) obstinacy of Scott. Such is an epitome of Whig politics since '48; it shows one unvarying object all through—a determination to obtain and keep office by every means honorable or dishonorable; it matters not, "the end justifies the means." Would any honorable man practice in private life the means resorted to by the Whig party during the last six years? Would he slander and misrepresent his absent neighbor, who was risking life and limb in the public service? Would he on that neighbor's return, (for some paltry private end) meanly swallow his own words, and unblushingly proclaim his own infamy by heaping honor on the man he had basely and cowardly injured? How many hours would such a man be tolerated in any town or village in the United States? Yet every Whig who supported Taylor or means to support Scott, has acted thus. Such is Whig honor. Such is Whig consistency.

No man worthy of exercising the privileges of an American citizen should debase himself by supporting a party, who in words and deeds proclaim that the *chances of success* are of more importance to them than purity of character, brilliancy of genius, or a long and honorable adherence to constitutional principles.

A LOOKER ON.

There was a Mr. Kerr, or Carr, or a man with some such name, run by the Whig party of North Carolina, for the office of Governor. His name has been recalled to our memory by hearing of a speech he made in Oxford a few weeks ago. In this speech, we are told, he rehearsed a most tremendously funny anecdote, making thereof a simile or some other sort of a likeness, and applying it to Gen. Pierce. The amount, sum and substance of this button-bursting, anecdotical comparison was about this: a certain man bought a dog, (whether long or bob-tailed, he didn't say,) from a negro, who recommended him as an excellent hunter. He tried him for squirrels, but he wouldn't tree them: he tried him for 'possums, but he wouldn't bark at the tree: he then tried him for coons, but he couldn't run fast enough; so he begged the negro to take him back, for he could make nothing of him. To this dog Mr. Kerr, (or whatever his name is,) likened Gen. Pierce. He said the people tried to make him a member of Congress but he wouldn't do there: they then tried to make him a member of the Senate, but he didn't answer for that: they then tried to make him a General, but he was not fit for that; so that they would have to keep him at home as being unfit for any thing. We have no doubt that Mr. What's-his-name told the anecdote very prettily, and that many of his hearers put on a smile as broad as the draw-bars; and we have no doubt this smile widened considerably when the imagination of the wearers reverted back to a man who was once considerably written and spoken of, from the county of Caswell. The people took a notion to make him a representative, but they couldn't come it: they next tried to manufacture him into a member of Congress, but he did'nt fill the molds: next they thought to put him to the Governor's trade, but he was found unfit for the place, and so, we suppose, he will have to rest contented under the decision made by the people that he is unfit for anything. Now, whether Mr. What-you-call-'im thought of the aptness of the comparison to the case of the speaker, we have no method of ascertaining, but that many of the hearers did, we have positive assurance,

"Retsim rek saw taht yppup, erus."

(We are not in the habit of quoting Latin, and hope the above line will not be looked upon as an offence of that nature.) *Warrenton News.*

W. R. KING AND THE BANKRUPT LAW

We copy the following little editorial from a late number of the "Lynchburg Virginian":

"We frequently hear democratic orators speak of the "Odious Bankrupt Law," as a Whig measure. It is well enough under such circumstances, to let the people know that Wm. R. King, the democratic candidate for the Vice Presidency in 1842, voted for that identical measure—"odious" as it is. He also voted for the "United States Bank Charter," by which that party consider the strongest proof of federalism sustained."

Is the statement here pointedly and deliberately made, that William R. King "*voted for that indentical measure—'odious' as it is*," true in point of fact? It is not; for here is the vote upon that "*indentical bill*," and to it we call attention:

AYES—Messrs. Barrow, Bates, Berrien, Choate, Clay of Ky., Clayton, Dixon, Evans, Henderson, Huntington, Kerr, Merrick, Miller, Morehead, Mouton, Phelps, Porter, Simmons, Smith of Indiana, Southard, Tallmadge, Walker, White, Williams, Woodbridge and Young—26.

NAYS—Messrs. Allen, Archer, Bayard, Benton, Buchanan, Calhoun, Clay of Ala., Cuthbert, Fulton, Graham, KING, Linn, McRoberts, Nicholson, PIERCE, Prentis, Rives, Sevier, Smith of Conn., Sturgeon, Tappan, Woodbury and Wright—23.

We call upon the Virginian, and the Whig papers that copied the statement, to show themselves right, correct their mistatement of a public record, or confess to an attempt to injure a public servant in the face of facts too notorious to be perverted.

But two democrats voted for the "odious" bankrupt law of 1841—Walker and Young—and the former did so under instructions from the Whig Legislature of his State. The measure, then, was a Whig measure, and the Whigs will have to bear its odium, tortured and chafed as they already are, under the chastisements of public indignation, on account of other sins.

The vote on Mr. Clay's Bank bill, passed three days after the passage of the Bankrupt Law, stands on the record, thus:

YEAS—Messrs. Barrow, Bates, Berrien, Choate, Clay of Kentucky, Dixon, Evans, GRAHAM, Henderson, Huntington, Kerr, Mangum, Merrick, Miller, Morehead, Phelps, Porter, Prentis, Preston, Simmons, Smith of Indiana, Southard, Tallmadge, White and Woodbridge—25.

NAYS—Messrs. Allen, Benton, Buchanan, Calhoun, Clay of Alabama, Fulton, KING, Linn, McRoberts, Mouton, Nicholson, PIERCE, Rives, Sevier, Smith of Connecticut, Sturgeon, Tappan, Walker, Williams, Woodbury, Wright, Young—23.

By the way of a little more grape we give the vote on the bill for bribing the States into *Whiggery* with the proceeds of the public lands, alias the Distribution Bill, passed August 26th, 1841:

YEAS—Messrs. Archer, Barrow, Bates, Bayard, Berrien, Choate, Clay of Kentucky, Clayton, Dixon, Evans, GRAHAM, Anderson, Huntington, Kerr, Mangum, Merrick, Miller, Morehead, Porter, Phelps, Prentiss, Rives, Simmons, Smith of Indiana, Southard, Tallmadge, Woodbridge—36.

NAYS—Messrs. Allen, Benton, Buchanan, Calhoun, Clay of Alabama, Culbert, Fulton, KING, Linn, McRoberts, Mouton, Nicholson, PIERCE, Preston, Sevier, Smith of Connecticut, Sturgeon, Tappan, Walker, Williams, Woodbury, Wright and Young—23.

Lastly, to complete the picture, here is a quotation from General Scott's great circular letter of October 25th, 1841:

"LEADING MEASURES OF THE LATE EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS. If I had the honor of a vote on that occasion, it would been given in favor of the LAND DISTRIBUTION BILL, the BANKRUPT BILL, and the second BILL CREATING A FISCAL CORPORATION."

The conclusive record, given above, presents the clearest, plainest and strongest reason why the people of Virginia, and all good Repulicans everywhere, who have any regard for the maintenance of the Constitution, the welfare of the confederacy, and the preservation of public and private morals, should repudiate Scott and Graham, and cordially rally to the support of Pierce and King. We thank the Scott organ for giving us an opportunity of demonstrating the finality of our glorious candidates to the cherished political creed of Virginia, and, on the other hand, the unsoundness and unfitness of Scott and Graham to receive any support at the hands of Virginia or any other portion of the confederacy.

Richmond Enquirer.

For the Standard.

At a Democratic Meeting, held in Mocksville, Davie County, on the 28th September, in which the Counties of Wilkes, Ashe and Rowan were represented, Maj. Newberry F. Hall was called to the chair, and Dr. B. F. Hackett of Wilkes, was requested to act as Secretary.

J. M. Clement, Esq., then arose and explained the object of the Meeting, and offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, that as Democratic measures are tacitly acquiesced in and approved by the present Whig administration, and have thus become the settled policy of the country, therefore those who are to administer them should be sought among the friends and not among the foes of those measures; to do otherwise would be to commit the lamb to the wolf.

Resolved, That in Gen. Frank Pierce we recognize the citizen soldier, who was in the field just long enough to prove himself a gallant soldier, in the public councils long enough to demonstrate that he is a statesman of the strong mind and honest heart, and that he "knows the South as well as the North, the East and the West," and therefore that our support of his nomination for the Presidency is given, not only because "it is expected of us, but because it commands the approbation of our judgment."

Resolved, That in Hon. William R. King, for thirty years the Bayard of the Senate, "without fear as without reproach"—one whom even Whigs have honored themselves by aiding in elevating to his present position as President of the Senate, we are proud to recognize a native son of North Carolina, and a fit associate of the gallant Pierce.

Resolved, That we hail the triumphant re-election of the Hon. David S. Reid, as a tribute justly due to merit, and also as an index that the party which opposes every extension of the right of suffrage to the people, is already condemned by the verdict of the people of North Carolina.

Resolved, That we nominate and recommend Burton Crage, Esq. as Democratic Elector for this District.

On motion of N. N. Fleming, Esq. a committee of three was appointed by the Chair, consisting of N. N. Fleming, Esq., Jesse A. Clement, Esq., and Capt. Denton James to inform Mr. Craige of his nomination.

On motion, it was resolved that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the North Carolina Standard, and the other Democratic papers of the State.

On motion of J. M. Clement, Esq. the meeting adjourned *sine die*.

N. F. HALL, *Chr'n.*
B. F. HACKETT, *Sec'y.*

P. S. Mr. Craige accepted the nomination, and replied to Mr. Boyden, Whig Elector, on the evening of the 28th, in a speech an hour in length, which was characterized by his own peculiar ability, spirit, and humor.

For the Standard.

At a meeting of a portion of the citizens of Edgecombe, Nash, Wayne and Johnston, held at Wilson, on motion Gen. Joshua Barnes was called to the Chair and Steven H. Woodard requested to act as Secretery. The Chairman explained the object of the meeting in a few appropriate remarks; after which Gen. Saunders, on his way from the Mass Meeting at Greenville, was introduced and made one of his usual efforts of two hours long. He met most successfully the arguments against Free Suffrage that have been attempted to be urged by some of the citizens of Edgecombe. His comparison of Pierce and Scott as friends to the South was very able, and elicited the attention of all. He showed that Gen. Pierce was a friend of the South, not because he wanted to be President, but from principle, and that Gen. Scott, though a Southern man by birth, had to the Northern people denied and discountenanced the institution under which he was brought up—that he had shown by his company and sympathy for Northern institutions, that he was no friend to the South.

On motion, the thanks of the meeting were tendered to the Hon. R. M. Saunders for the able and eloquent speech with which the meeting had been favored.

J. BARNES, *Chr'n.*
S. H. WOODARD, *Sec'y.*

LARGE TRAINS. 382 cars loaded with live stock passed down over the Concord Railroad on Tuesday last, besides the regular frieght trains, amounting in all to 534 cars.

THE STANDARD.

PIERCE, KING AND VICTORY

RALEIGH, SATURDAY, OCT. 9, 1852.

"No North, no South, no East, no West, under the Constitution; but a sacred maintenance of the common bond and true devotion to the common brotherhood."
FRANKLIN PIERCE.

FOR PRESIDENT:

GEN. FRANKLIN PIERCE,

OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM R. KING,

OF ALABAMA.

ELECTION TUESDAY 2D OF NOVEMBER.

Democratic Republican Electors.

For the State at large, JAMES C. DOBBIN.
First District, WILLIAM H. THOMAS.
Second District, BURTON CRAIGE.
Third District, WALTER F. LEAK.
Fourth District, ROBERT P. DICK
Fifth District, ABRAHAM RENCHER.
Sixth District, L. O'B. BRANCH.
Seventh District, SAMUEL J. PERSON.
Eighth District, D. G. W. WARD.
Ninth District, THOMAS BRAGG.

DEATH OF WILLIAM H. HAYWOOD, JR.

We are pained to have to record the death of this distinguished citizen. He expired, at his residence in this City, on Thursday morning last, after a long and painful illness.

The deceased had filled a large space in the eyes of the people of the State for many years past. His death is deplored as a heavy loss to the community in which he was born and resided, and to the Bar of the State, of which he was a shining ornament.

We shall present in our next a more extended notice of the life and character of the deceased.

THE LEGISLATURE.

We refer our readers to another part of this paper for the proceedings of this body from Tuesday to Thursday, inclusive.

It will be seen that Committees have been raised on the subjects of the Electoral Districts and of adjournment. The Committee on the Districts reported on Thursday, but the Committee on adjournment has not yet acted.

The Senate was engaged for the most part of Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday in considering the contested election case from Camden and Currituck. The certificates of election, the votes upon the case in the Senate, &c., will be found in to-day's paper.

It appears from these certificates that Dr. Shaw received, in the two Counties, 338 votes, and Mr. Barnard 337. This is not disputed; but Senators who have spoken in favor of referring the matter to a Committee, have gone out of the record before the Senate, and brought forward statements not admissible under the circumstances which surround this case. The arguments of Mr. Caldwell, Mr. Hoke, and Col. Bower, in reply to Messrs. Jones, Bynum, Lillington, and Kelly, were, in our humble judgment, conclusive. Mr. Caldwell examined the whole case in a masterly manner. He took it up, point by point, thoroughly exposing the untenable positions of the speakers on the other side.

The insinuations from the friends of Mr. Barnard, that the Democratic side of the Senate were disposed to decide this case, not upon the evidence but according to the dictates of party, struck us as being out of place and not altogether charitable. Those who are first to impute partizan motives are not always the last to be influenced by such motives. The friends of Dr. Shaw have done, in this matter, what they believed to be their duty. They have awarded the seat to the gentleman who is, in their judgment, justly and fairly entitled to it; and in doing this they have been guided by the wishes of a majority of the landholders of Camden and Currituck. Instead of permitting this case to be referred to a Committee, to "drag its slow length along" for weeks and weeks, they have acted promptly, and have given to the people of the District a representative on the floor of the Senate, to look after their interests and utter their voice in the public councils. If party (Whig) advice had been followed, no such result would have been attained; but we should have had *a Committee*, taking depositions, contesting irrelevant points, and delaying action on the part of the Senate; and, after all, the question would have been taken and determined, in all probability, on the very evidence upon which that body has already acted.

WAKE SUPERIOR COURT.

This tribunal has been in session here this week, Judge Settle presiding, with his accustomed ability and patient attention to his responsible duties.

The time of the Court has been mainly occupied with the trial of an indictment, The State *vs.* the Rev. Patrick W. Dowd—Mr. Attorney General Eaton and B. F. Moore, Esq., for the State, and Gen. Saunders and H. W. Miller, Esq., for the defence. The Counsel on both sides, we learn, acquitted themselves well. The Jury could not agree, and were discharged.

On Thursday, His Honor Judge Settle adjourned the Court for the day, as a mark of respect to the memory of the Hon. WM. H. HAYWOOD.

☞ The Pierce and King Electoral Ticket for this State is now complete, by the addition of the names of Burton Craige, Walter F. Leak, and Robert P. Dick. These gentlemen are able representatives of the party, and will do valuable service in the good cause. We learn that Mr. Craige and Mr. Dick have already taken the field; and we hope soon to hear that Mr. Leak's voice has been raised in behalf of our noble ticket. Mr. Leak is well posted up in political affairs, and we know that Franklin Pierce and William R. King are men after his own heart. Push on the column!

BE ACTIVE! BE VIGILANT!!

From every portion of the State the indications in favor of Pierce and King are of the most cheering nature. From the sea-beaten coast of Currituck to the cloud-capped mountains of Cherokee, the Democratic ranks are firm and united, and marching in solid phalanx to certain victory. The hosts of the enemy are routed, their ranks broken and scattered, and they are animated only by the hope that the Democrats, so certain of victory, will relax their efforts, grow careless in their confidence, and not put forth their strength on the day of election.

Shall this hope prove true? We trust it will not. Let every friend of Pierce and King determine, and determine *now*, that it *shall* not. The time until the election is short, and we should improve it. Our opponents are active, wiley and vigilant, and will exert themselves with all the power of desperation. Let us emulate their activity and vigilance, and on the 2nd of next November the Old North State will stand proudly forth, confirmed in the faith into which the August elections baptized her.

There was a time, and a long time, when the Democratic party of North Carolina, though conscious of the rectitude of its principles, battled almost without *hope* of success, and certainly without success. The overwhelming numbers of its opponents rode over it and stifled it; but with a strong and abiding faith in its men and measures—the only thing that could have saved it from annihilation—it never despaired, never quailed, never yielded without a contest. In the darkest hours of its defeat it was found buckling on its armor and preparing to renew the conflict. Strong in the belief that truth and justice and right would at last prevail, it never relaxed its efforts; but springing with new-born zeal from every defeat, it rallied with increased vigor to the strife.

But that time of doubt, almost of hopelessness, has passed. We now grapple with the foe, conscious not only of the *justice* of our cause, but of our *strength* also. We now labor with a well founded hope of success, nay, with a *certainty* of success, provided we call into requisition that industry, that activity, that vigilance, and that perseverance which characterized us in our efforts in the days when hope of *immediate* success did not cheer and animate us.

And shall it be said of us, that after fighting through many long years, and fighting valiantly, when the star of hope was so overclouded as to be almost entirely obscured, that we at last faltered, grew supine, and held back when that star was beaming, as it now is, in all the splendor of an unclouded sky? "None but the brave deserve the fair;" and none but the vigilant deserve the victory. Let us have confidence enough to inspire us to action; but not that over-confidence which induces apathy. The expiring throes of our adversary will be violent; and there is necessity for watchfulness on our part. If we do our duty, our *whole* duty, success awaits us. If we rally now in all our strength, make one more united onset, the day is ours; and Sewardism, Greelyism, and "higher-law"-ism are banished from North Carolina. But one fortress remains to be stormed, and until that is taken let us not slumber on our arms.

In Franklin Pierce and William R. King are embodied those broad principles of truth, justice and nationality which are the pride and ornament of the Democratic party. No narrow sectionalism, no disgusting favoritism, no ridiculous toadyism, and no damnable Abolitionism hang to *their* skirts. *They* were not foisted upon their party by a fanatical "higher-law" faction. *They* do not resort to the contemptible *littleness* of one's going on a pilgrimage in a "covered carriage" and addressing a rabble "standing in the rain and mud," while the other stays at home and writes letters in his behalf. They are men above such petty resorts, and so far above suspicion as to render such extraordinary and unusual means wholly unnecessary.

Let us all resolve, then, to rally once more—to put forth *all* our strength in one more effort; and, if possible, to push Pierce and King even ahead of the Democratic vote of August. Is not a large and overwhelming majority worth striving for? What Democrat would not feel proud of eight or ten thousand majority for Pierce and King over Scott-Sewardism? The greater the majority the greater *our* pride, and the deeper the despondency of our adversaries. Then let our watch-word until the election be *work!* WORK!! WORK!!!

☞ The Scott men *and boys* held a meeting in this City on Wednesday night last, which was addressed by Messrs. Gilmer, Spruill, and McDugald. Mr. Gilmer, in his effort to *belittle* FRANK PIERCE said it *had been said* he was "*a drunken Abolitionist—a drunken cowardly Abolitionist*"!! He also said the evidences of the personal liberality and virtues of Gen. Pierce were to be found in the fact, as stated by him, that he had once given twenty-five cents to the Sunday School scholars in Concord, and one cent to a poor boy to buy a stick of candy!

This is the manner in which the campaign is conducted by many of the Scott leaders in the South. We *know* that Whigs were disgusted with Mr. Gilmer's speech; and we are confident that no good to the Scott cause will result either from his remarks, or from those of Messrs. Spruill and McDugald.

Such stuff as the above is unworthy of Mr. Gilmer. He ought to be ashamed of it.

☞ We take pleasure in informing our readers that the political intelligence we have obtained from the Democratic members of the Assembly now in attendance here, is of the most cheering nature. We hear from all the opinion that Pierce and King will sustain Gov. Reid's vote, and that Scott and Graham cannot possibly poll the vote which Mr. Kerr received.

☞ We are indebted to Mr. Pomeroy for a copy of the Life of Franklin Pierce, by Nathaniel Hawthorne. This is a most readable and interesting little book; every Democrat, especially, ought to have a copy.

☞ The Hon. T. L. Clingman has been in this City for several days past. We learn he expects to leave in a day or two, for his District.

ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING.

The Pierce and King Club of this City had a most enthusiastic and interesting meeting on Monday evening last. In the absence of the President, Perrin Busbee, Esq., took the Chair, and called the meeting to order, Messrs. G. T. Cooke and M. A. Bledsoe acting as Secretaries.

The meeting was addressed briefly and in a spirited and effective manner, by Samuel P. Hill, Esq., of Caswell; after which W. W. Avery, Esq., of Burke, was called out. He spoke more at length and with his accustomed clearness and force. He communicated cheering tidings from the "blue mountains" of the West. He assured the meeting that the Democracy of the West was united to a man on Pierce and King, and would roll up a most satisfactory vote on the 2d of November. Mr. Hill and Mr. Dobbin were warmly received and cheered by the assembled Democracy.

The Hon. James C. Dobbin, the Democratic Elector for the State at large, having been waited on by a Committee, appeared before the meeting, and was greeted with the most enthusiastic applause. He spoke for an hour and a half in his best manner, rivetting the attention of all, rousing the Democracy by his clarion tones, and forcing conviction on doubting Whig minds. Our engagements were of such a character as to prevent us from hearing the whole of his speech; but we learn that his effort on the occasion was in every respect worthy of his high reputation as a public speaker.

The Pierce and King Club will meet again on Wednesday evening next, in the Court House. Interesting and able addresses may be expected.

☞ It has always been usual for the party which has the majority in either branch of our State Legislature, to claim the Speakership; and we were not, therefore, surprised at the election of Mr. Baxter over Mr. Dobbin. This was simply a party triumph in a matter involving the distribution of political power; but we must say we were not prepared to see Perrin Busbee, Esq., Principal Clerk of the Commons, proscribed from office. The office of Clerk is purely ministerial. He exerts no political influence, and it is, therefore, not material whether he be a Whig or a Democrat. Mr. Busbee had made, as *all* will admit, a most acceptable Clerk. He was prompt, intelligent, and remarkably correct in the discharge of his duties; and he has been turned out purely on party grounds, to make room for a gentleman, who, although he may discharge the duties devolved upon him satisfactorily to the House and creditably to himself, was nevertheless unknown to most of the members, and certainly untried. The proposition of Mr. Blow, to compromise the matter by appointing Mr. Busbee and Mr. Dodge, was alike just and fair, under the circumstances; but the majority, having been previously *talked* up to it, stood forward, like a wall of brass, for "the spoils." It was known that members were absent, whose votes might have secured the election of Mr. Busbee, and who were expected to arrive the next day; but this was of no avail—the edict had gone forth—the axe fell, and one more Whig got his reward.

Let the people remember these things when they come to deal out justice to the Scott leaders at the polls.

☞ It is not to be disguised that the Federal leaders are making desperate efforts to carry North Carolina for the Seward candidate. Our friends must rouse themselves, and *put forth their best exertions*. We must meet the adversary at all points, expose his tricks, his false allegations against our candidate; and we must also thoroughly advise the people of the danger they will incur by voting for Scott and Graham. But all this will amount to but little, if all the Democrats are not induced to turn out and vote. The time for argument has nearly passed—the hour for action is well nigh upon us. "Warn the Committees!"—be sure that the day of election is well known among all our friends, and that Electoral Tickets are duly distributed at all the precincts. Go then to the polls, brother Democrats, and work for your ticket, take your neighbors along with you—*get out all the voters*, and the day will be ours.

ELECTORAL TICKETS.

Democratic Electoral Tickets will be furnished at the Standard Office, at $1 per thousand. We hope our friends will send in their orders at once, and see to it that not only every County but *every precinct* is supplied with tickets.

Now is the time to work. Pick your flints, friends—see that your ammunition is in the right place and of good quality, and then fire away. It will not do to go into battle without weapons. Let us know how much ammunition you want, and where to send it, and you shall have it forthwith.

That excellent Agricultural paper, *The Farmer's Journal*, edited by Dr. Tompkins, Bath, N. C., continues to visit us regularly, and we are very much pleased to see that it promises well to sustain itself in the midst of a formidable competition. A generous support of such a paper by the farming public, would tend in a great degree to regenerate the agricultural interests of the State. The enterprising editor has our continued wishes for his success in the wide field of usefulness upon which he has entered.

MEETING OF DIRECTORS. Thursday last was the day appointed for a meeting of the Directors of the North Carolina Railroad at this place. Gov. Morehead and one Director, Mr. Thomas, were present. Of course no quorum was present, and no business was transacted. Mr. Jerkins, the Newberne Director, being sick, the Newberne interest was represented by John D. Whitford, Esqr., who, we understand, presented the President of the Road with a general statement of the views of the Newberne Stockholders. *Goldsborough Rep. & Pat.*

ABOLITION INFLUENCES. "Now, if he [Gen. SCOTT] should procure the nomination by such means, are we not fully justified in coming to the conclusion that in the event of his election, the councils of the Abolitionists would be felt in his administration? No one who knows Seward, Johnston, and the rest of that damnable cohort of political knaves, can doubt this. *Petersburg Intelligencer, April 6th.*

AS WE EXPECTED. Gen. Scott's speech at Columbus, in which he undertook to vindicate himself from the charge of having inflicted disgraceful punishment upon German soldiers—*was never delivered in public by him any where.*

The Columbus Statesman says it was delivered, if at all, to "two friends," in Gen. Scott's private parlor at the Neil House! *Rich. Enq.*

[Correspondence of the Standard.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 1, 1852.

MR. HOLDEN: The Raleigh Register of the 25th ult. contains the following:

"The result of the Maine Election, which will be found in another column, looks well for the Whigs. We have no doubt that five of the New England States will be carried by large majorities for Scott and Graham."

I am authorized to make the following proposition: *If any one has no doubt* that Maine will vote for Scott and Graham, he can leave in your hands one hundred dollars; if he has no doubt that Scott and Graham will get the vote of five of the New England States, he can leave another hundred dollars in your hands, and they will be taken as bets that these States will not vote according to the predictions of the Register. I will enclose to you a check for the amount as soon as you inform me that the bets are taken. To secure the proposition it must be taken by the 10th inst.

B. T.

For the Standard.

MR. JOHN Y. PARKER, late of the County of Person, came to his death by the discharge of a gun in the hands of Lewis Brooks, a very worthy and estimable young man. The circumstances of this sad occurrence are briefly these: Parker knew of a gang of Turkeys in the neighborhood, and on last Thursday, the 30th day of September, he left home in the forenoon for the purpose of killing them, and had with him an instrument with which huntsmen are enabled to deceive them and call them up, and whilst calling them, Brooks, who, it appears, was out on the same business, hearing the yelping, and, supposing it to be a Turkey, approached, and seeing a gray cap which Parker had on, and taking it for a Turkey, he took deliberate aim and fired, and shot him through the head, which caused his instant death. Mr. Parker was one of our best citizens, and a kind Providence had blessed him with a considerable portion of this world's goods, which he used to make all around him happy.

A FRIEND.

THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON. *His Income, Habits, &c.* The late Duke of Wellington held an immense income during life. As Commander-in-Chief, the Duke was entitled to draw something over *eighty dollars* a day, or about $30,000 annually; and as Colonel of the Grenadier Guards, he was entitled to nearly $6000 a year or more. He drew a pension of nearly $20,000 annually,, and was in possession of property given him by the British nation, to the amount of 700,000, or nearly $3,500,000. The pension will continue to be paid to the Duke's two next male heirs, who also inherit his large estates and his titles; but most of his offices and emoluments are to be scrambled for by the nobility and others; and rich prizes they will be for the disposal of the ministry.

The new Duke, at the time of his father's death, was at Frankfort, whence he was immediately summoned. He has hitherto borne the title of Marquis of Douro, and until the last election he enjoyed a seat in the House of Commons as member for Norwitch. He is 45 years of age, and bears a considerable, although not a striking, resemblance of his father. The Duke's second son, Lord Charles Wellesley, was with him at the time of his death. He is 44 years of age, and has a seat in the House of Commons as member for South Hampshire.

The late Duke's personal habits were extremely temperate, if not abstemious. He slept little, and, whether from old military associations or for health's sake, used a hard mattress and camp bed. He appeared to avoid display in his dress, equipage and attendants, preferring horse exercise to the state and luxury of a carriage, and even when increasing weakness rendered it a task of some difficulty to sit erect upon horseback, day day after he was still to be seen ambling slowly down to the House of Lords, touching his hat to the crowds assembled round the entrance to catch a glimpse of the veteran warrior. His household was said to be a model of good order and good management. He incurred no debts; punctual and precise in all his dealings, he was always just, and frequently, though privately, generous. His Waterloo banquets, which for many years drew around him his surviving companions in arms in his last glorious field, were the only exceptions to his usual indifference to display. On these occasions only, the massive services of plate and priceless china, pictures, statues and all the other favors, honors and presents which had been conferred upon him by the sovereigns of Europe, were not inappropriately displayed.

THE WEBSTER MEETING ON FRIDAY NIGHT. We dropped in at the Court House on Friday night almost at the close of the meeting of the "National Republicans," and did not, therefore, hear all their proceedings; we learn, however, that it was resolved to substitute the name of Mr. Jenkins, of Georgia, for that of Mr. Graham, on the ticket with Mr. Webster. Col. Wm. E. Anderson, we understand, made some very calm and sensible remarks upon the position which he and other seceding Whigs occupied at this juncture; and deprecated the action of some who had, at first, in obedience to the dictates of their own independent judgment, come out, but had subsequently allowed themselves to be whipped in or carried off by the current.

In speaking of the substitution of another name for that of Mr. Graham, Gen. McRae adduced one reason which should be well pondered by all the citizens of Eastern Carolina, who are persuaded to swallow the Scott ticket because Mr. Graham is on it. Mr. Graham, the General said, has always been unfriendly to this section of the State on the subject of Internal Improvement—he has been, like Governor Morehead, Virginian in all his feelings, and antagonistic to the Cape Fear region and interest. There are few better authorities upon this point than Gen. McRae. How do our Scott and Graham friends] get over this, or expect a very enthusiastic support here for Mr. Graham? *Wilmington Journal.*

HON. CHARLES M. CONRAD. We asserted some time ago, that this distinguished gentleman, at present Secretary of War, was opposed to the nomination, and to the election of Gen. Scott. The Washington Union of the 15th September, asserts the same thing. We invite the attention of the whigs of Louisiana, and especially of the Second Congressional District, which Mr. Conrad represented when he was called to the cabinet, to this fact. *Why is Mr. Conrad opposed to Gen. Scott?* Would he oppose him but for good and sufficient reasons—reasons that concern every man in Louisiana? Mr. Conrad is a whig; a resolute and ardent whig; he is at Washington, with access to every source of information; his official relations put him in juxtaposition with General Scott every day; he can form a proper estimate of his temper, his administrative abilities, and his political principles. Yet, with all these lights before him, he refuses to support Scott! Whigs of Louisiana, do you not hesitate who men such men as Webster and Conrad, Jenifer and Lyons, Stephens, and Toombs, Garrett and Parham oppose your nominee? *N. O. Co.*

A RAILROAD FROM SUFFOLK VA., TO CHOWAN RIVER, N. C. The citizens of Gates, N. C., and the adjacent counties are agitating a scheme for the construction of a railroad from Gatesville ferry, a point on Chowan river, to connect with the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad, at or near Suffolk Va. The Norfolk Argus says the distance will not exceed 25 miles, through a level country, and the cost of the work is estimated at not more than $150,000. It will shorten the time of travel to Norfolk, from 12 or 13 hours, as at present required, to about two hours, thus affording a speedy as well as cheap communication from eastern North Carolina to the North. Application is to be made to the Legislatures of Virginia and North Carolina for a charter.

THE RICHMOND WHIG LOATHING THE FUGITIVE-SLAVE LAW!!! The following is part of an editorial article in the Richmond Whig, of Wednesday, September 29th, 1852:

"*They* (the slaveholders) *would never have asked for the Fugitive-Slave Law*—not that the Constitution does not give them the right to demand it—but it WAS A HARSH MEASURE—*better calculated to inflame and exasperate sectional feeling*, and endanger the security of slave property, than *to produce any salutary results. They would* NOT THEMSELVES LIKE to be required to *catch other people's negroes*, and they *very naturally* supposed the task would not be a pleasant one to persons whose education and prejudices were all opposed to the institution of slavery."

NEW YORK, Oct. 4. Augustus Bowen, Cashier of Messrs. Brown & Brothers, was arrested to-day. He is charged with being a defaulter to the amount of $223,000—the result of several years' speculations in stocks. A. D. Comstock, Broker, implicated, has also been arrested.

THE GOOD OLD NORTH STATE.

BY JUDGE GASTON.

Carolina! Carolina! Heaven's blessings attend her!
While we live we will cherish and love and defend her;
Tho' the scorner may sneer at, and witlings defame her,
Our hearts swell with gladness whenever we name her.
Hurrah! Hurrah! The old North State forever!
Hurrah! Hurrah! The good old North State.

Tho' she envies not others their merited glory,
Say, whose name stands the foremost in Liberty's story?
Tho' too true to herself e'er to crouch to oppression,
Who can yield to just rule a more loyal submission?
Hurrah, &c.

Plain and artless her sons;—but whose doors open faster
At the knock of the stranger or tale of disaster?
How like to the rudeness of their dear native mountains,
With rich ore in their bosoms and life in their fountains,
Hurrah, &c.

And her daughters! the queen of the forest resembling,
So graceful, so constant, tho' to gentlest breath trembling,
And true lightwood at heart—let the match be applied them
How they kindle in flame—oh! none know but who've tried them.
Hurrah, &c.

Then let all who with us love the land that we live in,
As happy a region as on this side of Heaven—
Where Plenty and Freedom, Love and Peace smile before us,
Raise aloud, raise together the heart thrilling chorus,
Hurrah, &c.

WHAT IS LIFE? The following beautiful description, in answer to this question, is from Rev. Mr. Mountford's Euthanasy:

"The present life is sleeping and waking; it is 'Good Night' on going to bed, and 'Good Morning' on getting up; it is to wonder what the day will bring forth; it is sunshine and gloominess; it is rain on the window, as one sits by the fire; it is to walk in the garden, and see the flowers open, and hear the birds sing; it is to have the postman bring letters; it is to have news from East, West, North and South; it is to read old books and new books; it is to see pictures and hear music; it is to have Sundays; it is to pray with a family morning and evening; it is to sit in the twilight and meditate; it is to have business to do, and to do it; it is to have breakfast, and dinner, and tea; it is to belong to a town, and to have neighbors, and to be one in a circle of acquaintances; it is to have friends to love one; it is to have sight of dear old faces; and with some men it is to be kissed daily by the same loving lips for fifty years; and it is to know themselves thought of many times a day, in many places, by children, grand-children, and many friends."

The Republic is happy. It thinks General Scott and his friends "may *reasonably* be proud" that he gets eighteen dollars a day for electioneering, paid to him out of the public treasury. Now, as eighteen dollars a day is good wages at any time, we should like to know what limit the Republic would fix as un-*reasonable?* *Washington Union.*

DIED,

At Eureka, in Wake County, on the 29th of September, JOHN LAWRENCE, infant son of J. Robert and Ann E. Jeffreys.

In Franklin County, on the 28th of September last, EDWARD PLUMMER, son of William K. and Lucy T. Martin, aged two years and three months.

"Poor broken flower! what art can now recover
thee?
Torn from the stem that fed thy rosy breath—
In vain the sun beams seek
To warm that faded cheek:
The dews of Heaven, that once like balm fell over
thee,
Now are but tears to weep thy early death."

[CON.

In Chatham County, on the 3d instant, Mrs. SARAH WILSON, wife of Asa Wilson, and daughter of Edmund Busbee, dec'd., in the 61st year of her age. It rarely happens that one is taken from our midst, more universally esteemed and tenderly beloved than was the deceased. It may be truly said of her, she died in the consciousness of having performed, with a true Christian fidelity, the duties of her whole life, as an upright and blameless member of the Baptist Church which her piety adorned; and her last accents, as the spirit took its flight to Heaven, were low sweet murmurs of her blessed Saviour's name. Her neighbors and friends will long cherish the memory of her virtues and of the good she did. [CON.

In Nash County, N. C., on the 28th ult., JAMES T. WILLIAMS, in the 27th year of his age.

WILLIAM J. LOUGEE,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN

TIN, COPPER, AND SHEET-IRON WARE, Stoves, Patent Pumps, &c. &c.

RALEIGH. N. C.

KEEPS constantly on hand a general assortment of articles in his line. Job Work, done at short notice. All kinds of Metallic Coverings, for **House and Store Roofs, and Gutters** furnished, and warranted to stand the severest test.

On hand and regularly receiving,

Hotel, Office, Store, Parlor, and COOKING STOVES,

of the latest and most approved patterns.

☞ Orders from any part of the State attended to.

RALEIGH, N. C.

NOTICE.

A YOUNG MAN, who is a native of North Carolina, and a Graduate of a Northern Institution, is desirous of obtaining a School in some healthy section of the State. He will prepare pupils for entrance into any of our Colleges. In addition to his certificate of graduation he can present high testimonials, both as to scholarship and character, from individuals well known and eminently competent to judge.

Any communication addressed on the subject to "J. B. J., Warrenton N. C.," will be promptly attended to.

October 5th, 1852. 94—3t.

DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING.

A Democratic MASS MEETING for this Electoral District will be held on SATURDAY, the 9th day of October next, at Worrell's Mineral Spring, in Gates County, a mile and a half from Gatesville.

All persons, of both political parties, are invited to attend.

September 24, 1852.

MASS MEETING AT ENFIELD.

There will be a MASS MEETING of the Democrats at Enfield, on SATURDAY the 16th day of October next, to which all parties are respectfully invited. Messrs. BRANCH, DOBBIN, VENABLE and other distinguished Speakers have promised and are expected to attend.

September 18, 1852.

Mass Meeting at Averasborough.

There will be a MASS MEETING of the Democracy at Averasboro' on the 21st of October. Distinguished speakers are expected to be present. The citizens of Cumberland, Sampson, Johnston, Wake, and the citizens of North Carolina generally, are invited to attend, without distinction of party.

Mass Meeting at Dewar's Store.

There will be a MASS MEETING of persons favorable to the election of PIERCE and KING, at Dewar's Store, Cumberland County, on Wednesday, the 20th day of October. The citizens of Cumberland, Wake, Chatham, Moore, and of the neighboring Counties generally, are invited to attend. Hon. Wm. S. Ashe, J. G. Shepherd, Esq., and other speakers are expected to be present.

Mass Meeting at Franklinton.

There will be a MASS MEETING of the Democrats of Franklin, Granville, and Wake, at Franklinton, on Friday and Saturday, the 15th and 16th of this month. The people generally are invited to attend.

October 4th. 1852.

Democratic Meeting and Barbecue.

There will be a Democratic Meeting and Barbecue at Spring Vale, Sampson county, on Saturday, the 9th inst. WARREN WINSLOW, Esq., C. G. WRIGHT, Esq., Col. SAMUEL J. PERSON, and other speakers are expected to be present. Come one, come all.

Green Tea.

1 CHEST superior ground Powder Tea, just received.

J. BROWN.

N. C. Fashionable Jewelry Store.

PALMER & RAMSAY,

DEALERS IN

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

All Kinds of Jewelry, of the Latest Styles,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE, CUTLERY,

Perfumery, Fancy Goods and Clocks.

THE subscribers are now receiving their Fall purchase, which is one of the most extensive ever offered for sale in the State. Consisting of

100 Gold and Silver Watches,
Large collection of Gold Chains, Seals and Keys.
A fine lot of Diamond Rings and Pins,
Fashionable Earrings, Breastpins and Rings,
Bracelets, Cuff Pins and Armlets,
Very large assortment of Gold, Silver and Steel

Spectacles,

Gold and Silver Thimbles,
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens and Lockets,
Steel Pens and Keys, Razors, Strops and Pen Knives,
Silver Table, Deserts and Tea Spoons,
Ladies, Forks and Butter Knives, and Pickle Knives and Forks.
Castors, Candlesticks, Snuffers and Trays,
Baskets, Waiter Coffee Urn,
Gerondoles, Coral and Card Cases,
Perfumery and Fancy Goods.
All kinds of Watches, Jewelry and Clocks repaired in our usual manner.

October 4, 1852. 94—

CLOTHING EMPORIUM!

"We Study to Please."

THE Subscriber has just returned from the Northern Cities, where he has been engaged in superintending the manufacture of his entire

STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Which is now being opened

AT HIS NEW STORE.

Old Stand,

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

His Store is fitted up in a style of elegance, superior to any in the State, and his Stock presents attractions, rarely to be seen, except in the large assortments of the Northern cities.

E. L. HARDING.

Raleigh, October 4th, 1852. 82

LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office, at Raleigh, for the month ending September 31st, 1852:

A.
Ashe, Richard
Alston, Weldon E. 2.
B.
Broughton, Jesse
Baily, Thomas
Bolins, Mary Miss
Bogle, John M. C.
Baines, Eli
Busby, Thomas
Bremer, Ann E. Mrs.
Bell, Julia
C.
Chapell, W. H.
Cooper, John L.
Cox, J.
Carr, Michael
Crosby, Minoh S.
Clark, Barnard W.
Copeland, M. S. Miss
Claison, R. S.
Castlebury, Henry
Cook, John C. 3
Cook, James F.
D.
Devereaux, Eesal
Dudley, James
Dudley, David C.
E.
Exum, James T.
Edmonds, Virginia Miss
Edwell, Harrison
F.
Ferrell, Eli
Fennell, Richard
Floyd, H. H. Mrs.
Finch, Charly E.
Finch, Henry H.
G.
Griffis, Edward 2.
Guion, Geo. E.
H.
Harrison, Jas. M.
Hubbard, John W.
Howell, B. N.
Hatch, Samuel B.
Henry, Ellen Mrs.
Howard, James
Hogge, John A.
Hinton, J.
Hardy, Louisia Miss
J.
Jones, Sophy
Jones, Clinton
Jones, R. H.
Ivey, Peterson
K.
King, Alfred
Knipper, Louis
Kenedy, John
Kliffmiller Charles 2
L.
Locklar, Solhamon
Lucas, George
Lane, Lucy H. Mrs.
Lisles, Wm.
M.
Marrin, Charles
Mitchel, Susan Miss
Marriott, Wm. H.
Maywood, Quincy Miss
McCloskey, Barnard
McCullers, Betsey Miss
McCullers, Edwin S.
Massengill, Starling
N.
Nichols, Robert
Norris, Samuel P. 2
Netall, Sarah J. Mrs.
Nixon, James
Norris, Thomas H.
Nutt, Margaret
Nichols, Penelope Mrs.
Newby, Samuel W.
P.
Parish, Elizabeth Mrs.
Parish, Lucy H.
Pike & Taulk.
Pyson, T. P.
Powers, John
Page, Susan M. Miss
Pollars, Caswell
Plummer, Ann H. Miss
Parker, Langdon C.
Price, Charles M. 2
R.
Rudlin, Mancy Miss
Respess, Isaah
Redman, Louisa Miss
S.
Stuart, Sarah
Strebeck, Ann E.
Smith, Baltrise
Spain, Rosse Mrs.
Smith, Aswell
Stokes, John
Snow, James S.
Stalker, Thomas
Squiggins, J. W.
Scott, Robert
Seymoure, Gestrude Miss
Simpkins, Dilly Miss
T.
Taylor, John P.
Turner, Amy Mrs.
Tally, R. H.
Trumbull, Duncan C.
U.
Utley, C.
W.
Warden, Jesse T.
Wilson, James
Wiggins, Bettie Miss
White, J. M.
Warren, Margaret Miss
Weatherby, Wm.
Woodworth, Aaron
Wedding, Mary Miss
Woodsour, Lucinda Miss
Woodard, Robert
Winslow, W.
Wathins & Morton.
Y.
Yates, William

Persons calling for any of the above Letters will please say they are advertised.

WM. WHITE, P. M.

September 31st, 1852. 940—w3w.

Perfumery and Fancy Articles.

LUBIN'S Extracts, genuine,
Ursena, or real Bear's Grease.
Ox Marrow Pomade,
Low's fine Myrtle Pomatum,
Christian's Perfumed Hair Restorative, for cleansing, preservation and growth of the Hair,
Lyon's Kathairon do do do
Cologne and Florida Water, real German and Other varieties,
Taylor's Chrystalised and other fancy perfumed Soaps for the Toilet.
A select assortment of Tooth Brushes,
Hair, Nail and Comb Brushes,
Fine-tooth, Dressing and Pocket Combs,
Carved Shell and Buffalo Tuck Combs.
New style Shell and Buffalo Side Combs.

JAMES McKIMMON.

Oct. 1, 1852. 93—

Carpeting.

DRAWING Room and Bed Room Carpets,
Stair Carpets,
Tufted and other Rich Hearth Rugs,
Fancy painted Druggets for Crumb Cloths,
Rich fancy Piano and Table Covers.

JAMES McKIMMON.

Oct. 1, 1852. 93—

Candles.

15 BOXES best patent Sperm Candles,
20 do do do Adamantine do
20 do do Hull's Patent Tallow do
Hull's No. 1 Bar Soap,
Black Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Starch, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon, Mace, Indigo, for sale by

JAMES McKIMMON.

Oct. 1, 1852. 93—

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber has 18 or 20 Negroes to hire out from the 1st of November until the 15th of August, 1853, consisting of men, women, girls and boys. Among them some experienced Turpentine hands. Persons wishing to hire (during my absence) will call on John D. Powell, Esq., who is authorized to hire out the Negroes.

JOSEPH D. POWELL.

October 2d, 1852. 94—tf.

D. G. LOUGEE,

DEALER IN CLOCKS, WATCHES, & FANCY GOODS,

Also, Confectionary, Segars, &c.

At the Post Office Building,

GOLDSBOROUGH, N. C.

☞ Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry neatly repaired.

October 5, 1852.

NOVELTY WORKS,

WEST ST., RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA,

SILAS BURNS. [illegible] PROPRIETOR,

BUILDER OF

Steam Engines & General Machinist.

THE above establishment has been in successful operation about one year, and has turned out some of the best STEAM ENGINES and SAW MILLS that have ever operated in this or any other State.

Orders are solicited for Steam Engines and Saw Mills, Mill Gearing and Machinery of every discription to be completed during the Summer and Fall. The improved condition of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road will enable me to fill with dispatch and punctuality all orders after the 1st of July.

The following certificate will show the character of the work executed at the above Works:

AUBRY, Cumberland, May 15, 1852.

Mr. SILAS BURNS,

Dear Sir: Our Engine and Mills, made at your shops, have been at work nearly two months, and fully meet our expectations. The ENGINE, as to FINISH and STRENGTH, PERFORMANCE and DURABILITY, is inferior to none in the State of the same class made here or elsewhere. The MILLS run with a smoothness and speed truly astonishing. In ordinary sawing we cut in a common sized log, 1 foot in 3⅔ seconds or 16 feet per minute. We have run, however, through an 18 feet log in 32 seconds or at the rate of 33 feet per minute, by running to the top speed we fully believe we can cut 40 feet per minute. The only objection we have heard urged is, it takes two many hands to haul up logs and carry away lumber. Yours, &c.,

JONES & BARBEE.

June 2, 1852. 59—

LEATHER FOR SPRING SALES,

At Wholesale and Retail.

WE respectfully inform our friends and the public that we have in store a large and most excellent

Stock of Leather and Findings,

for the Spring Trade, which we will sell as low as any other establishment South of New York, and for less price than they can be had even there, expenses of travelling, freight, &c., considered.

All of our purchases having been made from the Importers and Manufacturers by the whole case or package, and the advantage of receiving Leather regularly from our own Tannery, places it in our power to sell Goods as above stated. Those who wish to buy cannot lose by giving our stock an examination, and we believe we shall be able to please, both as to price and quality. Below we enumerate some of the leading articles, viz:

20 dozen of Crawford's Calf Skins (this maker had the premium awarded to him at the World's Fair held in London in 1851.)
40 doz. French Skins, best quality,
40 " American Calf Skins,
90 " Lining and Binding Skins,
10 " Morocco Skins,
800 Sides Oak Tanned and Hemlock Sole Leather,
50 " Band Leather,

Lasts, Boot-Trees, Shoe and Boot Maker's Tools of every kind, Tanner's and Currier's Tools.

Also, Sewed Brogans of our own manufacture, warronted to give satisfaction, and many other articles, too numerous to mention, at No. 21 Old street, apposite B. P. Harrison's Saddlery. F. A. & R. H. FORD,

N. B. We pay the highest price in cash for Green and Dried Hides delivered to us at our Store.

Petersburg, May 5, 1852. 52—tf.

CIRCULAR OF THE SOUTHERN Botanico Medical College of Ga.

The FOURTEENTH Annual Session of this institution, will open on the first Monday in November next, and continue the usual period.

From the liberality of the State of Georgia and the city of Macon, and numerous friends, the trustees have been enabled to purchase a splendid and commodious College edifice, and procure considerable chemical and anatomical apparatus, which cannot fail to make the ensuing course of instruction, equal in every respect to the best in the country. The Faculty consists of the following gentlemen:

J. T. COXE, M. D., Prof. of the Principles and Practice of Medicine.

L. BANKSTON, M. D. Prof. of Physiology and Pathology.

M. S. THOMSON, M. D. Prof. of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and children.

J. N. LOOMIS, M. D. Prof. of Chemistry and Botany.

S. S. OSLIN, M. D. Prof. of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.

J. M. COMINGS, M. D. Prof. of Anatomy and Surgery.

TERMS—For Lectures (entire fees)		$100 00
Matriculation,	"	5 00
Anatomical,	"	5 00
Graduating,	"	25 00

Persons desirous of further information, will address Dr. L. Bankston, Dean of the Faculty, Griffin Ga., or Drs. COXE or THOMSON at Macon.

M. S. THOMSON, M. D., Macon, Georgia, continues the treatment of all manner of chronic diseases with his usual extraordinary success.

He has cured hundreds of cases without seeing the patient, and sends Medicines to any part of the Country by mail.

Let none despair till they have written to or see him

September 8th, 1852. 86—7t.

GREENE COUNTY.

IN accordance with the last will and testament of Nathan Hooker, dec'd, I shall expose to public sale, on November 2nd, 1852, in the town of Snow Hill, Greene county, N. C., one tract of land, lying northeast of Hookerton, containing 1200 acres more or less—comprising both bottom and upland, of the finest quality. The open land is in a good state of cultivation, and has on it a good

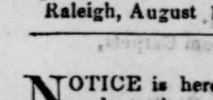
Grist and Saw Mill.

The latter operates with the Hotchkiss' vertical wheels. ALSO, several lots in the town of Snow Hill, one containing a good dwelling and necessary out-houses, a large cotton gin and screw, and one containing a large store-house, smoke-house and ware-house; all in good repair. The above will be sold on a credit of twelve months.

O. W. HOOKER, Ex'r.

September 7th, 1852. 86—td.

From Raleigh to Norfolk.



A line of hacks will leave Sledges on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, on the arrival of the train from Raleigh, and arrive at Weldon in time for the cars of the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad; and will leave Weldon on the same days and arrive at Sledges in time for the cars for Raleigh. Fare through from Raleigh to Portsmouth, $8. Through tickets can be obtained of the Agent here, and at Norfolk, and also of the Railroad Agents. W. R. PEPPER, *Agent.*

Raleigh, August 10, 1852. 77—3m.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the next General Assembly to have the Charter of the Town of Louisburg amended, and the limits of the town enlarged.

JOHN G. KING,
RICH'D NOBLE,
P. J. BROWN,
J. H. YARBROUGH,
D. C. STONE,
Commissioners.

Louisburg, Aug. 20, 1852. 41—ts

PIANO FORTES.

THE Ladies are respectfully invited to call and examine a new and varied assortment of rich and equal Toned Piano Fortes, made by the best Manufacturers in the United States, (Bonnell, Davis & Co.) We challenge competition.

TURNER'S N. C. BOOK STORE.

P. S. Also a fine lot of Piano Stools, and the latest assortment of new Sheet Music, the most fashionable of the day.

Raleigh, Jan. 16, 1851. 22—

New Music.

JUST received at the MUSIC STORE, a lot of new and fashionable Music, embracing,

Friendship Polka,
Wait for the Wagon,
Low-backed Car,
Nelly Bly, &c. &c.

Catalogues of the Music can be seen at the North Carolina Music Store.

April 1852. 41—

JOB PRINTING,

Done with neatness and despatch at this Office.,

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE,

CEDAR ROCK, FRANKLIN COUNTY, N. C.

D. S. RICHARDSON, *Principal.*

Castalia Female Institute,

CASTALIA, NASH, N. C.

Mrs. M. C. Richardson, *Principal.*

THE Fall Terms will commence on the first Monday in July, and close on the 1st Friday in December.

Mr. Richardson has purchased a residence, and considers himself as permanently located at CASTALIA.

The Schools will be under the immediate supervision of himself and lady, under one and the same body of Trustees.

The Female School is near the Franklin line, three miles from the Male, a distance favorable to the seclusion and success of both Institutions.

Mrs. R., who has latterly taught at Belford, has a celebrity which no comment of ours could affect large, neat edifice similar to that of the Male InstituA is contracted for, and will be erected immediatete Meanwhile students will be accomodated in the ly. Academy, known formerly as Pleasant Hill. In short, the Trustees would assure their patrons, that they will carefully consider everything and deem nothing unimportant, which will contribute effectually to the consummation of their educational enterprise, rendering the Institutions *all* that enlightened and Christian parents could desire for their children.

Board, including washing and Fuel, $6½ per month. For further particulars address the Principals or

JNO. ADAMS HARRISON.
Secretary of the Board of Trustees,

At the Female Inst., Messrs. James and Jno. Adams Harrison are prepared to accomodate boarders. Board can also be obtained of the Principal, after the coming session.

June 10, 1852. 924—wtf.

A Splendid Farm & Residence for Sale

IN THE COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

THE Subscriber, wishing to remove and devote his time to his profession, offers for sale, his Farm, lying on both sides of the road, leading from Louisburg to Warrenton, three miles from the former place, twelve miles from Jones' White Sulphur Springs and 15 from Shocco. The Tract contains

1500 Acres of as good Land

as can be found in the county, in a high state of cultivation, and admirably adapted to the successful culture of the best Tobacco, Cotton, Corn, Wheat, &c. The plantation is nearly equally divided by a never failing stream, irrigating about 3000 acres of as rich land as avarice could desire. The upland is agreeably diversified by hill and dale, easily cultivated, and very productive. In fact there are few locations in North Carolina offering as many inducements to the intelligent agriculturist as this. The improvements consist of a large and commodious MANSION HOUSE containing 9 rooms, well built, and in excellent order, enshrined in a beautiful grove of magnificent oaks, every necessary out house, Tobacco Barns, Stables, Carriage-house, negro houses, brick spring house, and *a Spring*, at whose gushing fountain, Hygeia herself might delight to linger. Situated in a high, healthful region of country, abounding in the best and purest of water, in a neighborhood proverbial for intelligence, refinement, and morality; convenient to the famous Male and Female Schools, of Louisburg, it is believed this location is unsurpassed in this region of the "Old North State."

The Subscriber invites the attention of persons wishing to purchase, assuring them, that the terms shall be satisfactory. PETER S. FOSTER,
Louisburg, Franklin Co., N. C.

Sept. 21, 1852. 91—6t.

A GOOD OPENING.

Hotel for Sale in Franklinton, N. C.

THE Subscriber offers his Public House and premises, in the town of Franklinton, Franklin County, N. C., for sale. This Establishment is situated on the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, which will, when the Central Rail Road is finished, be the main thorough fare from North to South. This is the only Public House in the place, and presents inducements rarely met with in any other village. It has been an eating House for passengers for the last four or five years, who have for some time past been eating twice a day; and I have not the least doubt but it will be kept up as an eating House. The House is large and tolerably conveniently arranged for the business, and has lately undergone considerable repairs. I would give a good bargain in this place. My only inducement in wishing to dispose of this place, is, that I am worn out in the good cause of feeding people, having been in the business for the last 12 or 14 years. If I should not sell by the 1st day of December, I would rent or lease. Persons wishing to engage in this business would do well to apply soon. JAS. I. THOMAS.

September 20, 1852. 91—2m.

Most Desirable Residence for Sale, IN WARRENTON, N. C.

THE subscriber offers for sale his lot in the town of Warrenton. The improvements on it are of the best kind. The dwelling is nearly NEW, large, and conveniently arranged. The servants' rooms, stables, carriage houses &c., are in first rate repair. The subscriber is anxious to sell, and by early application THE MOST DESIRABLE RESIDENCE IN WARRENTON may be bought for a low price. In the absence of the owner Dr. Arrington will show the premises and make known the terms of sale.

JAMES S. BATTLE.

Warrenton, N. C., Sept. 23d, 1852. 90—4t.

LAND WARRANT FOR SALE!

PURSUANT to an order of Wake County Court, the undersigned, a commissioner for that purpose, will sell at public auction, before the Court-House door, in the City of Raleigh, at 12 o'clock, on Monday the 4th of October next, being Monday of Wake Superior Court, a LAND WARRANT, entitling the purchaser to 160 ACRES of the PUBLIC LAND.

TERMS.—A credit of six months will be given, the purchaser giving a bond with approved security.

Q. BUSBEE, *Com.*

Sept. 20, 1852. 91—

Register copy till day of sale.

"THE WINTER IRON WORKS."

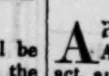
OF Montgomery Alabama, respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country to their celebrated Water Moter—the "*Rich Centre-Vent Water Wheel.*" It cannot be excelled for any purpose, or under any head of from one to forty feet. It will run under "back water" better than any other wheel with the same amount of water.

The wheel and monopoly for sale by

J. BEATTIE, Jr., *Agent.*

Yarborough House, Raleigh. 89—1t.

Strayed.



TEN DOLLARS REWARD. I will give the above reward for the return to me of my Horse, that strayed from my Lot in this City, about the 10th instant. He is of a light brown color and of ordinary height, with a white spot on his forehead—his left hind foot turns up—and his back and left shoulder is slightly sore. JOS. WALTERING.

Raleigh, Sept. 22, 1852. 88—4t.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the next General Assembly of North Carolina for the passage of an act, authorizing the location of a suitable place near Smithville, N. C., for the purpose of planting Oysters, with a view to a more abundant and healthy supply of the same for the North Carolina Market.

September 25, 1852. 91—3t.

L. B. WALKER,

DEALER IN

Confectionary and Groceries,

MANUFACTURER & WHOLESALE DEALER IN

CANDIES & BREAD, &C.

RALEIGH, N. C.

☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended to—Goods securely packed for any part of the State.

1852. 41—

New Books.

RULES of Order, a Manual for conducting business in town and ward meetings, societies, boards of Directors and Managers, and other deliberative bodies, based on Parliamentary, Congressional and Legislative Practice, 5th edition, by Benjamin Mathias, A. M

A brief exposition of the Constitution of the United States, with an appendix, containing the Declaration of Independence, and the articles of confederation, and a copious Index, by James Bayard.

For sale at the North Carolina Bookstore by

H. D. TURNER.

Sept. 10 1852. 86

Delightful and Useful Books.

MARCO Paul's Voyages and Travels.—In New York—on the Erie Canal—in Maine—in Vermont—in Boston—Springfield Armory, with Illustrations, By Jacob Abbott. For sale by H. D. TURNER,

HAWTHORNE'S LIFE OF FRANKLIN PIERCE,

THE subscribers have in PRESS, and will publish early in September, an *authentic* edition of the

LIFE OF GENERAL PIERCE.

By Nathaniel Hawthorne.

Drawn up from ORIGINAL SOURCES, and containing the

General's Military Journal,

AS WRITTEN ON THE FIELD.

The Biography will be illustrated with an *accurate portrait* from a painting by *Tenney*, executed expressly for this work.

As Mr. HAWTHORNE was in College with Gen. PIERCE and has ever since been his intimate friend, he is peculiarly well qualified for this undertaking, and his high literary reputation is a sufficient guarantee of the ability with which the book will be written.

It will be handsomely printed on good paper, and sold for the low price of 37½ cents in paper covers, and 50 cents in muslin.

Persons ordering ten, or more copies, and remitting the amount for the same to the Publishers, shall have the books promptly delivered to them, free of expense.

A *liberal* discount will be made to those who buy to sell again. *Early Orders Solicited.*

TICKNOR, REED & FIELDS,
Corner of Washington & School Streets.

Boston, Aug., 1852. 86—

"Eagle Hotel," Chapel Hill, for Sale

THE Proprietress of this well known and profitable establishment, having realised a sufficient income to warrant her in resuming the quiet of a private life, offers to the public generally the opportunity of bidding for its advantages.

The citizens of the State are so well acquainted with the advantages of its position, that but few remarks are necessary to complete their information.

The Hotel itself possesses all the requirments of room and comfort, which its purchasers can desire. It has capacity for the accommodation of one hundred and fifty boarders, and the recent and rapid growth of the University, adjacent, makes it an easy matter to possess such or even a greater number of students.

In addition to this, the frequent travel through Chapel Hill gives the Hotel, (being the only one in the place) a transient custom equal to any in the State.

The lots and stables adjoining are extensive and commodious, and the country-market supplies abundantly and on profitable terms much of its provisions.

The terms of sale require one third of the price to be paid on taking possession. A note, with safe security and time of payment suited to the convenienee of the purchaser, are the reasonable demands for the remainder.

If further information be desired concerning the inducements to purchase, the President of the University or any other resident of the village, will furnish it.

Possession can be obtained at any time, after the 1st of May. Apply to ANNE S. HILLIARD.

Chapel Hill, N. C. Feb. 27, 1851. 33—

Desirable Residence & Land for Sale.

ON Thursday, the 21st day of October next, I shall offer at public sale, on the premises, by virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to me by Mark H. Petway, which is duly recorded in Halifax County Court, the TRACT OF LAND whereon said Petway lately resided, called Oakland.

It has on it a good DWELLING with all necessary out-houses—good Garden, Orchard of Apples, Peaches, and other select fruit trees—good Spring of Water—a healthy and pleasant situation.

Containing 700 acres of Land, 70 or 100 acres of good Low Grounds, on Butter-Wood Creek, lying in the upper part of Halifax County, near the Warren line—adjoining the land of Mrs. Thorne and others, situated about eight miles from the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road. Terms, which will be liberal, will be made known on the day of sale.

Also, at the same time and place, will be sold the CROP made on the Plantation the present year, consisting of corn, fodder, wheat, peas and cotton, Plow Horses, two fine yokes of Oxen, stock of sheep, hogs, and cattle, carriage, carts, Plantation utensils, and many other articles.

J. BUXTON WILLIAMS, *Trustee.*

September 22, 1852. 838—ts.

GREAT EXCITEMENT.

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE A COUPLE HUNDRED DOLLARS, send on your orders for *Turpentine Stills, Caps, Arms, and Worms:* Also, Brandy Stills, and any kind of Copper work, Brass, Machinery, &c.

The prices of Still-caps, Arms, and Worms, are as follows: By the pound 37 cents; or by contract,

7	barrel Still-cap, Arms and Worms,			$400
10	do	do	do	485
12	do	do	do	525
14	do	do	do	585
15	do	do	do	615
16	do	do	do	650
20	do	do	do	695
25	do	do	do	750
30	do	do	do	850
35	do	do	do	900

All work will be warranted for 12 months, fire and burning excepted. His work will also be delivered within fifty miles of Raleigh, at the shortest notice; and if I fail to deliver Stills in the time agreed upon, I will forfeit $5 for each day lost, to the purchaser.

JOSEPH WOLTERING.

Raleigh, Sept. 12, 1851. 90—y.

Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Office,

RALEIGH, August 23d, 1852.

PROPOSALS will be received at this office until the 1st day of November next, for a loan of from Fifty to Seventy-five Thousand Dollars, on the Bonds of this Company, to be issued in sums of not less than Five Hundred Dollars, with coupons attached, payable Ten years after date, with interest payable semi-annually, on the first Monday of January and July in each and every year.

This loan is authorized by a resolution of the Stockholders, adopted in general meeting at Henderson, on the 15th day of July, 1852, which requires that a sum not less than Five nor more than Ten Thousand Dollars shall be annually set apart by the Board of Directors from the receipts of the Company, as a sinking fund, to meet the payment of the Bonds so issued. The Road is now being re-laid with a heavy iron rail, costing about Three Hundred Thousand Dollars, and will be in complete order with the necessary Locomotives, Cars, &c., during the present year.

GEO. W. MORDECAI, *President*

August 23, 1852. 82—t1stN.

FOR GEORGIA!

THE Subscriber offers his place of residence for sale known in the neighborhood as Penny Hill, containing ONE THOUSAND ACRES, also, FOUR or FIVE HUNDRED ACRES adjoining, known as the Smith place. The improvements are good and conveniently arranged. The land is well adapted to the culture of corn, wheat, peas, and potatoes. It lies on both sides of road leading from Raleigh to Halifax, eighteen miles distant from the former and sixty from the latter place, ten miles from Wake Forest College: I will make the payments to suit purchasers, or I will exchange for lands in the south-western portion of the Union, or young Negroes will be taken in part payment. Any person who may wish to view the premises can call on me, or in case of my absence on Mr. Jno. Q. A. Barham who resides on the Smith place.

BRIAN GREEN.

Penny Hill, August 16, 1852. 933—8t.

$25 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 17th of last May, my negro man Tom, about 27 years of age, common sized, weighing about 160 pounds.

Tom is not what might be called a mulatto, neither is he very black, but between. He has a scar upon one of his cheeks from a burn.

I will give the above reward for the apprehension of said negro, so that I can get him again.

I have good reason to suspect this negro of being harbored by a certain white man, or men. And I hereby forewarn all concerned, that if the matter is not speedily stopped, the law must and shall take its course. I have no disposition to do any of my neighbors an injury or injustice, but my rights must not be trespassed upon.

W. G. SPAIN.

Wake County, September 7th, 1852. 937—wtf.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the next General Assembly for the passage of a law to entitle Tales Jurors and Magistrates who take lists of Taxable property in the County of Sampson to pay for their services; and also to amend the act incorporating the Town of Clinton.

August 30. 1852. 86—ts.

75 BOXES best brands, Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles. Just received at

TUCKER'S,

$200 Reward.

A PROCLAMATION.

By his Excellency, DAVID S. REID, Governor of the State of North Carolina.

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that one DAVID BARFIELD, late of the County of Sampson, stands charged with the murder of one Benjamin Weeks, in said County, and that the said Barfield has fled from justice, and probably escaped beyond the limits of the State.

Now, therefore, to the end that the said Barfield may be arrested and brought to trial for said offence, I do hereby issue this my Proclamation offering a reward of two hundred dollars for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Sampson Country.

DESCRIPTION.

David Barfield formerly resided in Wayne County. He is described as about five feet eight or ten inches high, stout built, and weighing 175 or 180 pounds; walks erect, speaks in a soft mild tone, light complexion, with light hair, aged about thirty-five years, and has scars on his body caused by the cut of a knife.

(SEAL.) Given under my hand and attested with the Great Seal of the State of North Carolina, at the City of Raleigh, this the 28th of August, A. D. 1852.

DAVID S. REID.

By the Governor.

W. H. JONES, Private Secretary.

935—6t.

$200 Reward.

A PROCLAMATION.

By his Excellency, DAVID S. REID. Governor of the State of North Carolina.

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that one JOHN W. EDMONDSON, late of the County of Pitt, stands charged with the murder of one Littleberry White, late of said County, and that the said John W. Edmondson has fled from justice and escaped beyond the limits of this State.

Now, therefore, to the end that the said John W. Edmondson may be arrested and brought to trial for said offence, I do hereby issue this my Proclamation offering a reward of two hundred dollars for his apprehension and deiivery to the Sheriff of Pitt County.

DESCRIPTION.

Edmondson is described to be about five feet ten inches high, and rather thick set.

(SEAL.) Given under my hand and attested with the Great Seal of of the State of iNorth Carolina, at the City of Raleigh, this 28th of August, 1852.

DAVID S. REID.

By order of the Governor.

W. H. JONES, Private Secretary.

935—6t.

PETERSBURG CLOTHING BAZAAR.

THE subscribers having purchased the entire interest of N. Perry in the above celebrated establishment, respectfully announce to the citizens of North Carolina that they intend to relax no effort to retain the liberal patronage heretofore received from the numerous customers of the Bazaar in the Old North State.

Manufacturing as we do all our own clothing, and one of the firm being constantly in the market, thus having facilities for purchasing our cloths, cassameres, &c. at first hands, and consequently at the lowest rates, we are enabled to compete in prices with Northern houses, while our garments in point of style and workmanship, are not excelled by those of any other house in the State.

It is unnecessary to enumerate the articles of which our stock is composed; suffice it to say that in our rooms may be found every thing pertaining to men's wear, and furnishing goods of the most recent style and in great variety.

Our Custom Department,

Is constantly supplied with the most desirable goods, and those preferring their garments made to order, can here find a large assortment to select from, and with an efficient force of workmen we can get up a single garment or an entire suit at very short notice. A good fit and perfect satisfaction guarantied in every instance.

Our Wholesale Rooms.

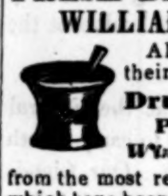
Merchants visiting the City should not fail to look through our stock, as we have opened an exclusive Wholesale Room, and manufacture largely, expressly for this branch of our trade.

A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
(Successors to N. PERRY.)

Petersburg, Virginia, May 5th, 1852. 52—

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, &C.

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & CO.,



ARE now receiving large additions to their stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals

PAINTS, OILS, DYESTUFFS,

Window Glass, Perfumery, &c, &c

from the most reliable Houses in the Northern Cities, which have been purchased with an eye single to their purity, and are offered for sale at such prices and on such terms as shall compare favorably with any house in the State.

Physicians, Country Merchants, and Dealers generally, will do well to give us a call before purchasing, feeling assured we shall not fail to please both in point of price and quality.

Orders promptly attended to, and particular attention given to packing and forwarding.

Family Medicines and Prescriptions compounded at all hours of the day and night, by a competent person with neatness and despatch.

We tender our most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage we have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of our business, to merit its continuance.

Raleigh, April 28. 1851. 94—

N. C. Mutual Life Insurance Company,

OFFICE RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company continues to insure the lives of all healthy White persons and Slaves.

The greatest risk taken on a single life is $5000. Slaves are insured for a term of one to five years for ⅔ds their value.

OFFICERS.

Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, President,
Wm. D. Haywood, Vice President,
James F. Jordan, Secretary,
Wm. H. Jones, Treasurer,
Perrin Busbee, Attorney,
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, Examining Physician
J. Hersman, General Agent.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

Blanks and Pamphlets, showing the plan of operation of the Company, may be had on application at the Office, or any of the Agencies. All letters on business should be addressed to JAMES F. JORDAN,
Secretary.

April 28, 1850. 51—

Warrenton N. C. Male Academy.

THE Rev. Mr. FROST having made known his desire to be released at the close of the present session rom the contract made with the Trustees of this Institution, that he may return to the active work of the Ministry, they desire to engage another Principal for the ensuing year.

The Trustees will guarantee a certain and liberal salary, and will pay to the Principal whatever the school may yield above the sum secured to him. The highest testimonials as to character and qualifications will be required.

Letters addressed to either of the undersigned will be duly attended to.

THOMAS E. GREEN,
WILLIAM PLUMMER,
WILLIAM C. WILLIAMS, } Com.

Warrenton, Sept. 8, 1852. 86—4t.

NEW BOOKS.

HILDRETH'S History of the United States, 6th and concluding volume;

Mysteries, or Glimpses of the Supernatural, containing accounts of the Salem Witchcraft;

The Cock-Lane Ghost, Rochester Rappings; the Stratford Mysteries, &c. &c.; by Charles W. Elliott;

Pierre, or the Ambiguities; by Herman Mellville;

A Buck Eye Abroad, or Wanderings in Europe and in the Orient; by Samuel S. Cox;

Mental Alchemy—a treatise on the Mind, Nervous System, Psychology, Magnetism, Mesmerism, and Diseases; by B. Brown Williams, M. D.

The Mother at Home; by John S. C. Abbott, very greatly improved and enlarged, with numerous engravings. For sale by H. D. TURNER.
At the N. C. Bookstore.

Raleigh, August 16, 1852. 79—

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the next General Assembly to have the Charter of the City of Raleigh amended.

WM. DALLAS HAYWOOD.
Intendant.

Raleigh, August 23d, 1852. 81—

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company has been in successful operation for more than five years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms.

Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,500 000, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present capital is nearly Six Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been less than one third of one per cent per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

The following persons have been elected Directors and Officers of this Company for the present year.

DIRECTORS:

Jos. G. B. Roulhac, C. W. D. Hutchings, Richard Smith, John Primrose, Henry D. Turner, S. W. Whiting, T. H. Selby, of Raleigh; Geo. McNeill, Fayetteville, Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington, Jas. E. Hoyt, Washington, James Sloan, Greensborough, John Cox, Edenton, Joshua Boner, Salem, Joseph H. Pool, Elizabeth City, Michael Brown, Salisbury, Alexander Mitchell, Newbern, W. N. H. Smith, Murfreesborough, A. B. Williams, Charlotte, John B. Barrett, Milton, and H. T. Summy, Asheville.

All Directors are authorized to receive applications.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY:

J. G. B. Roulhac, President,
Henry D. Turner, Vice President,
Richard Smith, Treasurer,
J. C. Partridge, Secretary,
John H. Bryan, Attorney,
J. Hersman, General Agent.
S. W. Whiting,
Richard Smith,
John Primrose, } Executive Committee.

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.

J. C. PARTRIDGE, Sec'y.

Raleigh, June 21, 1852. 21—

Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.

PURSUANT to an Act of Incorporation, a Company has been formed under the name and style of "The Greensborough Mutual Insurance Company," and fully organized by the appointment of the following Officers:

JAMES SLOAN, *President.*
S. G. COFFIN, *Vice President.*
PETER ADAMS, *Secretary and Treasurer.*
C. P. MENDENHALL, *Attorney.*
JOHN A. MEBANE,
W. J. McCONNEL,
WM. S. RANKIN, } *Executive Com.*

DIRECTORS.

James Sloan, W. J. McConnel, William S. Rankin, Jed. H. Lindsay, Shubal G. Coffin, William H. Reece, Tyre Glenn, John B. Mebane, Andrew Weatherly, C. P. Mendenhall, Lyndon Swaim, Jesse Shelly, Jonathan W. Field.

This Company has now been in succesful operation for several months, and will take risks upon Dwelling Houses, Stores and other Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture, Produce, &c. The object of this organization is to afford a system of Insurance which shall operate for the mutual benefit of all its members.

The peculiar advantages arising from this mode of Insurance is, that the assured pay no more than the actual losses and expenses of the Company, and experience has proved the safety of Mutual Insurance Companies, as well as the great saving to its members; no stronger argument can be produced in their favor, than the confidence which they receive from the entire community, where such Companies are in successful operation.

Any information respecting the principles of the Company will be cheerfully furnished by the Secretary, or any of its Agents. PETER ADAMS, *Sec'y.*

The Subscriber, having been appointed Agent, will receive applications and make surveys to effect Insurance in said Company.

GEORGE T. COOKE,
Raleigh, N. C.

December 5, 1851. 896—

NEW BOOKS.

LIFE and Correspondence of Lord Jeffrey, by Lord Cockburn, one of the Judges of the Court of Session in Scotland.

Annual of Scientific Discovery; or Year-Book of Facts in Science and art for 1852.

The Power of Christian Benevolence illustrated in the Life and Labors of Mary Lyon.

Austria in 1848-'49, containing a full account of the Revolution in Hungary, and Historical Sketches of the Austrian Government and Provinces of the Empire, by Wm. H. Stiles, Late Charge D'Affairs of the U. S. at Court of Vienna.

The Constitutions of the several States of the Union and United States, including the Declaration of Independence, and articles of Confederation.

Horse-Shoe Robinson, a tale of the tory ascendency, by Jno. P. Kennedy, author of the "Swallow Barn," 1 vol. 2 vo., uniform with the Swallow Barn.

Courtesy, Manners and Habits, by George Winfred Hervey.

Works of Daniel Webster, 5 vols. 8 vo.

The Works of Stephen Olin, D. D., LL.D., Late President of the Wesleyan University, containing Sermons and Sketches.

Hand Book of the English language, by R. G. Latham M. D., F. R. S.

Queechy, by the author of the 'Wide, Wide World.'

Pyrmhurst, his Wanderings and ways of thinking, by Donald McLeod.

Romanism at Home; Kirwan's Letters to Chief Justice Taney. Brace's Hungary in 1851.

Lady Pfeiffer's voyage round the World.

Norris's Hand Book for Locomotive Engineers and Machinists. Poems by Matilda.

Ban Gauthier's Book of Ballads.

For sale by
W. L. POMEROY.

Raleigh N. C., June 9th, 1852. 63—

MILTON FACTORY AND MILL.

J. B. BARRETT & J. D. NEWSOM, Having purchased Mr. Thomas W. Holden's interest in the Milton Cotton Factory and Mills, Lands, Tenements, and debts due the Firm of Barrett, Newsom & Holden, will continue the Manufacturing and Milling business.

They are now putting in operation a set of Woolen Machinery, for the purpose of manufacturing

WOOLEN GOODS,

and will also have two good CARDING MACHINES in order the ensuing season, which will not only afford a market for the sale of Wool, but enable planters to get

Domestic Woolens, Cotton Goods,

and also Wool Rolls of the first quality.

They have in their employment the most experienced mechanics, and will endeavor to merit public patronage.

BARRETT & NEWSOM.

Milton, March 25, 1851. 41—tf.

GENERAL AGENCY.

THE undersigned offers his services as Agent for the transaction of any business in the City of Raleigh, at the Public Departments, the Banks, Insurance Offices, &c.

He may be found at the office of the Secretary of State. All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to, and his charges will be moderate and satisfactory. RUFUS H. PAGE.

REFERENCES:

Gov. D. S. Reid, Wm. Hill, *Sec'y. State*, D. W. Courts *Pub. Treas.* Wm. J. Clarke, *Comp't. of State*, E B. Freeman, *Clerk Sup. Court*, Geo. W. Mordecai *Prest. of Bank of the State*, Wm. H. Jones, *Cash'r Bank of Cape Fear*, W. W. Vass, *Treas. R. & G R. R.*

Raleigh, Dec., 18, 1851. 14—tf

Baltimore Piano Manufactory.

Important Improvement.—Elastic Universal Touch

WISE & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Boudoir Square and Grand Pianos, request those wanting a first-rate Instrument—one that Ladie's can perform on with the greatest possible advantage, that is chaste of style, of superlative touch and tone, that will stand in concert tune, and last a life time, to call and see for themselves a sample Instrument at the Agent's office—Dr. W. R. Scott's.

These Instruments are more in general use in the City among the first critics of art and science, and to whom we have the honor of referring. See the manufacturer's circulars, which may be obtained of the Agent. All Instruments warranted five years.

J. J. WISE & BRO.
Dr. W. R. SCOTT, Agent.

Raleigh, Jan. 11, 1850. 20—6m.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the general Assembly of North Carolina, at its next Session, for the passage of an Act incorporating the "Wesleyan Female College," in the town of Murfreesborough, N. C.

September 1st, 1852. 87—ts.

COURT BLANKS,

Of every Description for Sale at the Standard Office.

FOR SALE,

(On liberal terms, that cannot fail to be satisfactory, the Proprietor having made arrangements for moving to Texas. *Possession given at any time from date to next Christmas.*)

The well known and Favorably Situated

LITTLE YADKIN HOTEL ESTATE,

IN STOKES COUNTY, N. C.

CONSISTING of 1000 (one thousand) acres, more or less, well watered by never-failing streams and perpetual springs—about 300 (three hundred) acres thereof being now under a high state of cultivation—150 (one hundred and fifty) being rich bottom, on the East prong of the Little Yakin River; the remainder, 700 (seven hundred) acres, being heavily timbered and classed amongst the best land in this or any other region of country for raising the most choice qualities of CHEWING TOBACCO, from 800 to 1000 pounds of which to the acre may be produced thereon, worth, in the Tobacco house, the moment it is cured, from $50 to $150 the thousand weight, cash in hand.

The Improvements on the Estate are as follows:

A commodious two-story Tavern, with Kitchen, Cellar, &c., a Framed Store, where a general assortment of Goods have been kept for sale for years, a Lumber-house for the storage of bulky und heavy articles, a Blacksmith Shop, with an excellent run of travelling and regular custom, Tan Yard, with 18 vats—Bark Mill—full set of Tools, and extensive patronage. A Barn, Stables, Feeding Yard for Drovers, Granary, Public Well by the Road-side, Ice-house, Smoke-house, Negro houses, and other out-houses, near the Hotel. Also, a large new Tobacco Barn and (9) nine Dwelling Houses, with other buildings on different parts of the Plantation.

The Little Yadkin Post Office forms a part of the premises. A mail Stage, running between Raleigh, the Capital of this State and Wytheville, Va., *via* the Fancy Gap, connecting with numerous lines of conveyance, to the principal cities and towns in the valley of the Mississippi, and thence to California and Oregon, passes this point tri-weekly, carrying many passengers and well filled mails, that yield a growing and constant, though at present moderate income to the Hotel and Post Office.

The Estate for about 2 miles in a North and South direction, is intersected by the Volunteer Road, and is likewise divided East and West for nearly the same distance by the noted *Hollow Road*, the most popular thoroughfare among emigrants or movers to the *Great West*, the number of Travellers passing this place daily, averaging fully 100, or 36,500 per annum.

During the autumn or most propitious season for moving across the mountains, upwards of one hundred wagons have been known to pass here in a single day, patronizing the Hotel, Store, Blacksmith Shop, Granary, Hay-loft, &c., to the amount of $280.

In view of the rapid increase the *U. S. Census Returns* shew to be taking place in this mountainous and consequently healthy District, and in consideration of the fact, that the Farmers in this neighborhood have, within the last two years ascertained and become satisfied by actual experience, that their iron-impregnated lands are in every way adapted to the growing of the superior qualities of Tobacco, and as they will in future naturally direct their principal attention and force to the culture of that *Ready-Money-Bringing Article*, Real Estate must 'ere long greatly rise in value, and this must necessarily soon become a monied section of country to an extent, justifying the undersigned as he believes in stating, that by judicious management, a *Barter* and ultimately *Cash*-yielding business of $5,000 to $10,000 a year, may be transacted at the Store.

And furthermore, judging from the amount of his past sales of *Leather*, he considers there is at present an opening here warranting an increase in the capacity of the *Tan Yard*, to admit of the tanning and dressing of Leather, equal in value to $6,000 if not $10,000 per annum.

Attached to the Hotel is a large Garden, well stocked with vegetables, and in connection with the same, may be enumerated a thriving Orchard, comprising more than eleven hundred selected fruit trees; a full crop of Wheat, Rye and Oats already secured, barn and stable lofts crowded with the best kind of thoroughly cured hay, 20 or more stacks remaining on the meadows; also a promising Corn crop (including what will be due for rent) expected to reach three hundred barrels, all of which, with a goodly supply of Irish and Sweet potatoes, &c., will if desired be disposed of at the lowest market rates to whoever may become the purchaser of the Estate.

The undersigned, moreover, would seed a crop of small grain for the coming year, provided it should be the wish of the party purchasing the property

The North-Eastern part of the Estate extends to within a short distance of the Southern base of the Sauraton Mountains, affording one of the best *Mountain Ranges for Cattle*, and the finest *Pasturage for Sheep*, where, in consequence of the proverbial mildness of climate, thousands of those valuable animals might be advantageously pastured throughout the entire year, without the expense of dry feeding or artificial shelter.

For the infomation of persons at a distance unacquainted with the characteristic healthfulness of this immediate vicinity it may be stated that the property in question is situated as before named on the Hollow Road, 19 miles North west of the Moravian Town of Salem, Forsyth county—22 miles South-east of Mount Airy, Surry county, at the Eastern base of the Blue Ridge—35 miles South of the Court House in Patrick county, Va.—5 miles East of the far-famed Pilot Mountain Mount Ararat—and 3 miles South of the chain of the Sauraton Mountains, which, with Mount Ararat or alias the Pilot, are in full view from the Hotel.

And beyond all doubt, by properly advertising in the Newspapers and otherwise, any desirable number of boarders from the Lower Country might be had throughout the Summer Season, it being an undeniable fact, that in respect to salubrity of climate, purity and wholesomeness of water, grandeur and beauty of scenery, variety and abundance of Mineral Springs and Minerals, including Marble or Primitive Limestone, (there being two Lime Quarries within two miles of the Hotel) deposites of Iron ore, with many species of rare and valuable minerals, besides numberless other incentives calculated to refresh and strengthen the body, while they divert and interest the mind of man, thereby promoting health and long life, this situation cannot be excelled.

It may be further added, that as regards a favorable locality for raising choice qualities of Tobacco and for Farming in general, also as a lucrative stand for Merchandizing, for carrying on extensively the Tanning and Blacksmithing, Wagon-building and other branches of business, and more especially as a desirable point for a Hotel, to accommodate a continually increasing travelling public, and as a *Summer Retreat* for Invalids and all persons, who, during hot weather, like to partake of cool fountains gushing from mountain sides, and enjoy invigorating breezes with an endless train of other health-securing agents bountifully distributed by the hand of nature throughout this elevated District, the undersigned feels justified in believing this place to be unsurpassed, if equalled by any other location South of Mason and Dixon's Line, from the Allegheny Mountains to the Atlantic Ocean.

For further information, apply on the premises, or by letter to the Proprietor.

THOMAS B. HAMLETT, P. M.

Little Yadkin, Stokes County, N. C.

July 28th, 1852. 75—6w.e.o.w.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned having this day formed a co-partnership for the purpose of conducting the CONFECTIONARY BUSINESS in all its branches. The business will be carried on at the "old stand" of Sam'l H. Marks, and will be known under the firm and style of SAM'L H. MARKS & SON, where they will manufacture and keep constantly on hand the nicest and purest Candies of every quality and flavor, and will be regularly supplied with the finest imported and domestic Cigars, and the choicest Fruits in their proper seasons.

Having made more extensive arrangements for the manufacture of Steam Refined Candies, they will be enabled to furnish much larger quantities, and purchasers may rely upon getting it with despatch.

All orders for goods will be thankfully received, packed in the best manner, and sent to any part of the United States.

SAM'L H. MARKS,
WM. A. MARKS.

Petersburg, August 11, 1852. 69—tto.

Notice—Direct Importations.

WE have just finished taking our inventory for the summer season, and find as follows:—

A number of notes and accounts due us which should be settled up to 1st July; and to which we *particularly* call the attention of those interested.

Also, a well assorted stock of

China Ware and Earthenware,

to which we will be receiving large additions during the month of August; and to which we especially invite the attention of Merchants. Those passing through Wilmington on their way North would do well to purchase their stocks of Crockery from us, as we are *determined* to offer inducements over Northern importers.

McRAE & HARRISS.

Wilmington, July 24, 1852. 74—

10 DOZEN WEEDING HOES, For sale by
J. BROWN.